**EEA Life Settlements Fund PCC Limited** 

Annual Report and Audited Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

# **EEA Life Settlements Fund PCC Limited**

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### **EEA Life Settlements Fund PCC Limited**

# **Directory**

**Directors** 

M A Colton (Chairman)

S Burnett C Daly D Jeffreys S A Shaw

The address for each of the Directors is that of

the registered office

**Registered Office** 

PO Box 141 La Tonnelle House Les Banques St Sampson

Guernsey GY1 3HS

Manager

EEA Fund Management (Guernsey) Limited

PO Box 141

La Tonnelle House Les Banques St Sampson Guernsey

GY13HS

**Administrator, Secretary and Registrar** 

Saffery Champness Fund Services Limited

PO Box 141

La Tonnelle House Les Banques St Sampson Guernsey

**Independent Valuation Agent** 

Maple Life Analytics, LLC 4350 East-West Highway

Bethesda

GY1 3HS

Maryland 20814

USA

**Investment Adviser** 

ViaSource Funding Group LLC

106 Allen Road

Bernards Township

New Jersey 07920 USA

Legal Advisers to the Fund (as to Guernsey law)

Ogier (Guernsey) LLP

Redwood House

St Julian's Avenue

St Peter Port

Guernsey

GY1 1WA

Custodian

BNP Paribas Securities Services SCA,

Guernsey Branch

**BNP Paribas House** 

St Julian's Avenue

St Peter Port Guernsey

GY1 1WA

**Sub Custodian** 

Citizens Bank NA

One Citizens Plaza

JCB 125

Providence

RI 02903 USA

**Auditors** 

**Grant Thornton Limited** 

Lefebvre House

Lefebyre Street

St Peter Port

Guernsey

GY1 3TF

### Investment adviser's report

ViaSource Funding Group, LLC ("ViaSource") is the investment adviser to EEA Life Settlements Fund PCC Limited (the "Fund"), selecting and managing a pool of policies that meet the purchasing criteria outlined in the prospectus. The purchasing criteria were designed to provide a pool of policies that are diversified among insurers, insureds and illnesses, from creditworthy insurance companies and are accurately underwritten for life expectancy. Prior to purchase, all policies are certified by Mills, Potoczak and Company, who act as servicing agent, as to meeting the purchasing criteria. The cash reserves and policies purchased are held in the Trust Department of Citizens Bank NA and therefore are not part of the assets of the bank. In addition, ViaSource's team of medical professionals tracks the progress of the insureds.

The Fund purchased a total of 926 policies from 108 different insurers and 729 separate insureds with a total net death benefit of \$1.87 billion. The weighted average current insureds were 92 years old at the end of December 2019.

647 of the policies with a combined Death Benefit of US\$1,147.1 million have matured since inception. The policies that matured did so at 81% (1) of their projected life expectancy and represented 80% of the total Net Death Benefit of policies purchased and 70% of the number of policies purchased. The 81% figure excludes the effects of policies that have not yet matured and includes the latest independent life expectancy estimates (which may serve to increase the original estimates). Increased longevity of insureds is apparent in both of these factors, and is the reason for the maturity experience of the Fund.

Since inception, a total of 196 files have been sold including 187 policies sold on September 4, 2015 with a combined net death benefit of US\$437.5 million and revised life expectancies over 48 months were sold. The policies were sold to an independent third party for a premium to their NAV as determined by the independent valuation agent.

13 policies with a combined net benefit of US\$17.3 million have been allowed to lapse due to the policies reaching their expiration date. None of the remaining policies will reach their expiration date before their expected maturity date as determined by the independent valuation agent.

The 70 policies outstanding as of 31 December 2019 had a total net death benefit of US\$261.9 million and an average Face Value of US\$3.75 million. The majority 78% (40% of policy count) of the active fund comprises policies with death benefits of \$5.0 million or greater. These policies had an average life expectancy of 177.2 months (with revised LE) from purchase. The weighted average remaining months to LE is 34.6 months. Policies are issued by 27 insurance companies with a weighted average rating of A+.

## **Valuation Method**

As of December 31, 2014 the Fund appointed an independent third party to determine the value of the policies outstanding. The third party utilizes an actuarial present value model which adjusts the life expectancies obtained from the independent life expectancy providers and applies a discount rates based upon their experience with the independent life expectancy provider. Their adjusted weighted average remaining Life Expectancy is 41.0 months.

## **Current Market Overview**

Currently, financial institutions including security firms, banks and hedge funds are purchasing policies in the market with life expectancies greater than 4 years and varying other criteria including minimum age of insureds. Most firms utilise actuarial models where policies purchased are evaluated on a pool basis with actuarial and probability assumptions allied to the policies to determine the projected return and cash flows from the pools.

ViaSource Funding Group LLC December 2019

(1) The percentage of life expectancy represents prior to July 2013 refers to the expected maturity date based on the life expectancy estimates obtained from independent life expectancy providers at the time of purchase. From July 2013 onwards, the expected maturity date is based on the most recent life expectancy estimates obtained from a life expectancy provider.

## **Directors' Report**

The Directors present their annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements of EEA Life Settlements Fund PCC Limited ("Company" or "Fund") and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2019.

#### **Business activities**

The Company was registered in Guernsey on 20 June 2005 under The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008. The Company's investment objective is to trade the property interest in outstanding life insurance policies issued primarily in the United States and, in respect of the Continuing Cells, to invest in other instruments which provide exposure to life insurance policies with similar characteristics to those currently held by the Company.

#### **Authorisation**

The Company has been authorised by the Guernsey Financial Services Commission under The Protection of Investors (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 1987, as amended, as a Class B Scheme subject to The Authorised Collective Investment Schemes (Class B) Rules 2013.

At 31 December 2019, there were twenty eight Cells (the "Cells") in operation:

- USD Fund Class X Cell (the "Dollar X Cont Cell"),
- USD Fund Class X Run-Off Cell (the "Dollar X Run-Off Cell"),
- USD Fund Dist Cell (the "Dollar Dist Cont Cell"),
- USD Fund Dist Run-Off Cell (the "Dollar Dist Run-Off Cell"),
- USD Fund Acc Cell (the "Dollar Acc Cont Cell"),
- USD Fund Acc Run-Off Cell (the "Dollar Acc Run-Off Cell"),
- USD Fund Class I Run-Off Cell (the "Dollar I Run-Off Cell"),
- Euro Fund Class X Cell (the "Euro X Cont Cell"),
- Euro Fund Class X Run-Off Cell (the "Euro X Run-Off Cell"),
- Euro Fund Dist Cell (the "Euro Dist Cont Cell"),
- Euro Fund Dist Run-Off Cell (the "Euro Dist Run-Off Cell"),
- Euro Fund Acc Cell (the "Euro Acc Cont Cell"),
- Euro Fund Acc Run-Off Cell (the "Euro Acc Run-Off Cell"),
- Euro Fund Class Y Run-Off Cell (the "Euro Y Run-Off Cell")
- Swedish Krona Fund Class X Cell (the "SEK X Cont Cell")
- Swedish Krona Fund Class X Run-Off Cell (the "SEK X Run-Off Cell")
- Sterling Fund Class X Cell (the "Sterling X Cont Cell"),
- Sterling Fund Class X Run-Off Cell (the "Sterling X Run-Off Cell"),
- Sterling Fund Dist Cell (the "Sterling Dist Cont Cell"),
- Sterling Fund Dist Run-Off Cell (the "Sterling Dist Run-Off Cell"),
- Sterling Fund Acc Cell (the "Sterling Acc Cont Cell"),
- Sterling Fund Acc Run-Off Cell (the "Sterling Acc Run-Off Cell"),
- Meteor Senior Life Settlements Sterling Fund (the "Meteor Cont Cell"),
- Meteor Senior Life Settlements Sterling Fund Run-Off (the "Meteor Run-Off Cell"),
- Meteor Senior Life Settlements Sterling Fund II (the "Meteor II Cont Cell"),
- Meteor Senior Life Settlements Sterling Fund II Run-Off (the "Meteor II Run-Off Cell"),
- WAY Life Settlements Fund Cell (the "WAY Cont Cell"), and
- WAY Life Settlements Fund Run-Off Cell (the "WAY Run-Off Cell").

# **Directors' Report (continued)**

### **Group structure**

The Group's investments in life policies are held by EEA Life Settlements Inc, a corporation registered in Delaware, USA, which is a wholly owned subsidiary of EEA Life Settlements Master Fund II Limited ("Master Fund II"), a company registered in Guernsey. EEA Life Settlements Master Fund Limited ("Master Fund") and Master Fund II are wholly owned subsidiaries of EEA Life Settlement Holdings Limited, a company registered in Guernsey. The Cells invest in EEA Life Settlement Holdings Limited.

#### Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income on page 10.

There were no dividends declared and paid by the Company during the year (2018: Nil).

#### **Directors**

The Directors of the Company who served during the year and to date are as stated on page 1.

#### **Directors' interests**

The Directors have no disclosable interests in the shares of the Company.

Simon and Razena Shaw are the principal shareholders of Melquart Limited (formerly EEA Holdings Limited), the ultimate parent company of EEA Fund Management (Guernsey) Limited ("the Manager") and EEA Fund Management Limited (the "Marketing Agent"). Simon Shaw is also the Chairman of the Marketing Agent.

Chris Daly is Managing Director of ViaSource Funding Group LLC, the Investment Adviser.

# Going concern

The Fund has sufficient available cash to meet premium and other obligations for the foreseeable future, and the redemption gate provisions (in relation to the Continuing Cells) and the fact that shares in the Run-Off Cells are not redeemable at the election of Run-Off Shareholders are considered sufficient to ensure the Fund's continued ability to do so. The Fund therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

### Format of report and audited consolidated financial statements

These consolidated financial statements show the results and state of affairs of the Group as a whole which includes the Cells, Master Fund, Master Fund II, EEA Life Settlement Holdings Limited and EEA Life Settlements Inc as at 31 December 2019. The financial statements of the individual Cells are available on request from the Administrator or on the Manager's website.

# Directors' responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing consolidated financial statements for each accounting period which show a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and its results for the year.

**Directors' Report (continued)** 

In preparing these consolidated financial statements the Directors are required to:

• select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;

• make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;

• state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed subject to any material departures as disclosed in the consolidated financial statements; and

• prepare the consolidated financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Group and to enable them to ensure that the consolidated financial statements comply with The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008 and The Authorised Collective Investment Schemes (Class B) Rules 2013. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud, error and non compliance with law or regulation.

So far as each of the Directors is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Group's auditor is unaware, and each has taken all the steps he/she ought to have taken as a Director to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Group's auditor is aware of that information.

#### **Audit Committee**

An Audit Committee is in place and comprises the three non-executive Directors who are independent of the Manager and Investment Adviser, namely David Jeffreys, Steve Burnett and Mark Colton. The Audit Committee meets at least twice a year according to an annual plan and terms of reference (that are regularly reviewed). The main duties of the Committee include monitoring the integrity of the annual audited financial statements of the Company, reviewing significant financial reporting issues and the judgements which they contain. The Committee also reviews whether the Company has followed appropriate accounting standards and made appropriate estimates and judgements, taking into account the views of the external auditor, and reviews the clarity of disclosures in the Company's financial reports and the context in which statements are made. The Committee considers the auditor's independence, including the extent of any provision of non-audit services, and their remuneration. The Committee also reviews the performance of the Manager, the Administrator, and the Company's other service providers to review the effectiveness of their internal controls and risk management systems. Such reviews include discussions with the external auditor without the Manager or service providers present.

**Auditors** 

Grant Thornton Limited has expressed its willingness to remain in office as auditors of the Group.

Mark Colton

Director

Date: 10 June 2020

**Independent Auditor's Report** 

#### To the Members of EEA Life Settlements Fund PCC Limited

### **Opinion**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of EEA Life Settlements Fund PCC Limited (the "Fund") and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2019 which comprise the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Participating Shares, the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position, the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's affairs as at 31 December 2019 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- are in accordance with IFRSs as issued by the IASB; and
- comply with The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008.

# **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Guernsey, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Directors have not disclosed in the consolidated financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Group's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the consolidated financial statements are authorised for issue.

**Independent Auditor's Report (continued)** 

### **Emphasis of matter - Investment Valuation**

In forming our opinion, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosures made in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements concerning the uncertainty relating to the carrying value of the investments in life insurance policies included in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position. As explained in Note 1, the investments are carried at fair value, determined using methodologies which involve judgements and estimates by the Directors. These investments are not quoted in an active market and the value at which they will be realised is uncertain. Any adjustment to the carrying value of the investments in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position would have a corresponding impact on the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income. Our opinion is not qualified in this respect.

### Other information

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report set out on pages 1 to 42, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the consolidated financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report the fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- proper accounting records have not been kept by the Group; or
- the consolidated financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
- we have not obtained all the information and explanations, which to the best of our knowledge and belief, are necessary for the purposes of our audit.

# Responsibilities of Directors for the consolidated financial statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on pages 4 to 5, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements which give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

**Independent Auditor's Report (continued)** 

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

# Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Fund's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 262 of The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Fund's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Fund and the Fund's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

**Grant Thornton Limited** 

Graf The held

Chartered Accountants Lefebvre House Lefebvre Street St Peter Port

Guernsey GY1 3TF

Date:.....11 June 2020

**Report of the Custodian** 

To the Members of EEA Life Settlements Fund PCC Limited

We state in our opinion, EEA Fund Management (Guernsey) Limited (the "Manager"), has managed EEA Life Settlements Fund PCC Limited (the "Company"):

a) in accordance with the limitations imposed on the investment and borrowing powers of the Company by the principal documents, by the scheme particulars and by the Protection of Investors (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 1987; and

b) in accordance with the provisions of the principal documents and The Authorised Collective Investment Schemes (Class B) Rules 2013.

During 2013, we tendered our resignation as Custodian of the Company and this was communicated to shareholders in the Company's Restructuring Proposal. Pursuant to section 4.06 (1) of The Authorised Collective Investment Schemes (Class B) Rules 2013, we are obliged to continue in our role as Custodian of the Company until the Manager appoints a suitable replacement.

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BNP Paribas Securities Services SCA, Guernsey Branch

11/06/2020

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# Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31 December 2019

, ,	Note	2019 US\$000	2018 US\$000
Bank interest income		536	663
Net (losses)/gains on investments	3	(261)	12,785
Total gain		275	13,448
Expenses	4	(5,457)	(5,936)
Net (loss)/profit before tax		(5,182)	7,512
Taxation	6		
(Loss)/profit from operating activities and change in net assets attributable to holders of participating shares		(5,182)	7,512
Other comprehensive gain/(loss) - movement in currency translation reserve		822	(1,960)
Total comprehensive (loss)/profit		(4,360)	5,552

The above results relate to the continuing operations of the Group.

# Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Participating Shares for the year ended 31 December 2019

	Note	2019 US\$000	2018 US\$000
Net assets attributable to holders of participating shares at beginning of the year		208,514	247,432
Amounts payable on redemptions	11	(28,760)	(44,470)
(Loss)/profit from operating activities and change in net assets attributable to holders of participating shares		(5,182)	7,512
Other comprehensive gain/(loss) - movement in currency translation reserve		822	(1,960)
Net assets attributable to holders of participating shares at end of the year	11	175,394	208,514

The notes on pages 13 to 42 form an integral part of these financial statements.

# Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December 2019

	Note	2019 US\$000	2018 US\$000
Assets			
Non-current assets	_	447.000	454.605
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	7	117,880	151,695
Current assets			
Tax recoverable	6	-	-
Debtors	8	24,188	9,099
Cash and cash equivalents		33,929	48,382
		58,117	57,481
		30,117	37,401
Total assets		175,997	209,176
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Creditors	9	(603)	(662)
Net assets attributable to holders of management			
and participating shares		175,394	208,514
Attributable to holders of:			
Management shares	10	-	_
Participating shares	11	175,394	208,514

The financial statements on pages 10 to 42 were approved by the Board of Directors on 10 June 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

Mark Colton Director

The notes on pages 13 to 42 form an integral part of these financial statements.

# Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 December 2019

	Note	2019 US\$000	2018 US\$000
Operating activities			
Income received		608	645
Expenses paid		(5,516)	(5,965)
Withholding tax paid			(173)
Net cash outflow from operating activities	13	(4,908)	(5,493)
Investing activities			
Payment of premiums		(28,710)	(33,873)
Proceeds from maturity of investments		47,103	89,791
Net cash inflow from investing activities		18,393	55,918
Financing activities			
Redemption of participating shares		(28,760)	(44,470)
Net cash outflow from financing activities		(28,760)	(44,470)
(Decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(15,275)	5,955
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in cash and cash equivalents			
Cash and cash equivalents at start of year		48,382	44,387
(Decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(15,275)	5,955
Foreign exchange gain/(loss) on cash and cash equivalents		822	(1,960)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		33,929	48,382

The notes on pages 13 to 42 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

#### 1 Organisation and Principal Accounting Policies

#### Introduction

EEA Life Settlements Fund PCC Limited ("Company" or "Fund") was incorporated on 20 June 2005 in Guernsey and is authorised under The Authorised Collective Investment Schemes (Class B) Rules 2013. The Company issued its first shares on 10 November 2005 and commenced active operations on that day. The investment objective of the Company is described in Note 14. The Company has no employees.

On 1 January 2014, a Run-Off Cell was created for each active cell and the Euro Y and the Dollar I Cells were closed.

The Company is divided into twenty eight active Cells (collectively the "Cells"):

Dollar X Cont Cell Euro Dist Run-Off Cell Sterling Acc Cont Cell Dollar X Run-Off Cell Euro Acc Cont Cell Sterling Acc Run-Off Cell Dollar Dist Cont Cell Euro Acc Run-Off Cell Meteor Cont Cell Dollar Dist Run-Off Cell Euro Y Run-Off Cell Meteor Run-Off Cell Dollar I Run-Off Cell SEK X Cont Cell Meteor II Cont Cell Dollar Acc Cont Cell SEK X Run-Off Cell Meteor II Run-Off Cell Dollar Acc Run-Off Cell Sterling X Cont Cell WAY Cont Cell Euro X Cont Cell Sterling X Run-Off Cell WAY Run-Off Cell

Euro X Run-Off Cell Sterling Dist Cont Cell
Euro Dist Cont Cell Sterling Dist Run-Off Cell

## **Group structure**

The Group's investments in life policies are held by EEA Life Settlements Inc, a corporation registered in Delaware, USA, which is a wholly owned subsidiary of EEA Life Settlements Master Fund II Limited ("Master Fund II"), a company registered in Guernsey. EEA Life Settlements Master Fund Limited ("Master Fund") and Master Fund II are wholly owned subsidiaries of EEA Life Settlement Holdings Limited, a company registered in Guernsey. The Cells invest in EEA Life Settlement Holdings Limited.

#### Going concern

The Group has sufficient available cash to meet premium and other obligations for the foreseeable future, and the redemption gate provisions (in relation to the Continuing Cells) and the fact that shares in the Run-Off Cells are not redeemable at the election of Run-Off Shareholders are considered sufficient to ensure the Group's continued ability to do so. The Group therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

## Basis of accounting

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). IFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making judgements about the carrying values of assets that are not apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The consolidated financial statements are presented in United States Dollars and are rounded to the nearest US\$000 unless otherwise indicated.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

#### 1 Organisation and Principal Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for the measurement of investments which are designated at fair value through profit or loss. The consolidated financial statements are presented in US Dollars (presentational currency of the Group) and not Sterling, the local currency of Guernsey, since the majority of the Group's assets are denominated in US Dollars.

# Standards, amendments and interpretations effective on 1 January 2019, which have been adopted by the Group

There are new standards and amendments to existing standards that are effective for the period beginning on 1 January 2019 and have therefore been adopted. None of these standards or amendments have a significant impact on the Group's financial results or position; hence they have not been disclosed.

# New standards, amendments and interpretations issued but not yet effective and not early adopted by the Group

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, several new, but not yet effective, Standards and amendments to existing Standards and Interpretations have been published by the IASB. None of these Standards or amendments to existing Standards have been adopted early by the Group.

Management anticipates that all relevant pronouncements will be adopted for the first period beginning on or after the effective date of the pronouncement. New Standards, amendments and Interpretations not adopted in the current year have not been disclosed as they are not expected to have a material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

#### Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries, the Master Fund, Master Fund II, EEA Life Settlements Holdings Limited and EEA Life Settlements Inc. The parent company controls a subsidiary if it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the subsidiary and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over its subsidiary. All subsidiaries have a reporting date of 31 December. The financial statements of the Group represent the aggregation of the results and financial position of each of the individual Cells and subsidiaries adjusted for the elimination of intra-group transactions and balances. The aggregated financial position of the Company also includes the non-cellular assets and share capital of €100.

## Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency assets and liabilities for each cell are translated into the functional currency, which may differ from cell to cell, being the currency in which the shares in each cell are issued, at the rate of exchange ruling at the reporting date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Gains and losses arising on revaluation of foreign currency assets and liabilities are recorded in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

For the purpose of the Group financial statements, cellular assets and liabilities are translated into the presentation currency (US Dollars) at the rate of exchange ruling at the reporting date. Exchange differences arising on preparation of the Group's financial statements from the financial statements of Cells maintained in currencies other than US Dollars are recognised in other comprehensive income and are taken to the currency translation reserve. These exchange differences do not affect the value of each Cell.

## Income recognition

Bank interest and other income is accounted for on an accruals basis.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

#### 1 Organisation and Principal Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Expenditure**

Expenses are accounted for on an accruals basis.

#### Financial instruments

#### a. Recognition and initial measurement

#### Financial assets

The Group classifies its financial assets based on both its business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets.

### (i) Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss if:

- its contractual terms do not give rise to cash flows on specified dates that are solely payments of principal and interest; or
- it is not held within a business model whose objective is either to collect contractual cash flows, or to both collect contractual cash flows and sell; or
- at initial recognition, it is irrevocably designated at fair value through profit or loss when doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.

The Group includes in this category its investments.

### (ii) Financial assets measured at amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The Group includes in this category its receivables and cash and cash equivalents.

These financial assets are initially measured at the transaction price.

### Financial liabilities

### (i) Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

This category includes all financial liabilities, other than those measured at fair value through profit or loss. The Group includes in this category its trade and other payables and participating shares of the continuing cells.

### b. Subsequent measurement

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'Net gain of investments' in the period in which they arise.

### c. Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

The Group derecognises a financial liability when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

#### 1 Organisation and Principal Accounting Policies (continued)

#### d. Fair value estimation

The Group measures its investments at fair value at each reporting date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

For financial instruments not traded in an active market, the fair value is determined using valuation techniques deemed by the Directors to be appropriate in the circumstances. The Group uses a variety of methods and assumptions that are based on the market conditions existing at the reporting date. Valuation techniques used include the use of comparable recent arm's length market transactions and earnings multiples methods. However, the variety of the valuation bases adopted and the quality of management information provided by the investee company means that there are inherent difficulties in determining the value of the investment. Amounts realised on the sale of the investment may differ from the values reflected in the consolidated financial statements, and the difference may be significant.

#### Investments in life policies

Investments in life policies are classified as "fair value through profit or loss". These financial assets are designated as such on the basis that they are part of a group of financial assets which are managed and have their performance evaluated on a fair value basis. Investments are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration given excluding transaction costs.

The Directors consider that there is sufficient market data available to use market based discount rates in the valuation process. The Board has appointed Maple Life Analytics LLC, as an Independent Valuation Agent, to the Fund to value the Group's investments in life policies on this basis.

Life insurance policies are valued on the basis of their estimated present value, taking into account anticipated future death benefits less anticipated future premiums. Each set of cash flows is discounted using the latest life expectancy estimates and a market discount rate which in part reflects the annual return the market expects when buying policies and also the confidence the market has in the accuracy of the life expectancy estimates provided by the life expectancy provider. As a result, the market discount rate may vary depending on the life expectancy provider. The average discount rate used in respect of the 31 December 2019 valuation is approximately 13.30% (2018: 12.75%).

The estimated remaining life of each life policy is currently calculated by the Independent Valuation Agent by:

- 1. calculating a degree of mortality impairment needed to match the life expectancy estimate at the date provided, then
- 2. reducing the degree of impairment for especially high multiplies for conservatism, and then
- 3. applying this level of mortality impairment to the insured's current age.

This process is intended to recognise ageing of the insured, while assuming that the insured's relative degree of impairment is unchanged. This aims to simulate the most likely effects of continuous reunderwriting of the entire portfolio every month.

Realised gains and losses on the disposal or maturity of investments are calculated by reference to the net proceeds received on disposal or maturity and the actual cost, which comprises initial consideration and premiums, attributable to those investments. Profits and losses on investments are included in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

#### 1 Organisation and Principal Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Income Taxes**

Tax income/expense recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income comprises the sum of deferred tax and current tax not recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in net assets attributable to holders of management and participating shares.

Current income tax assets and/or liabilities comprise those obligations to, or claims from, fiscal authorities relating to the current or prior reporting periods, that are unpaid at the reporting date. Current tax is payable on taxable profit, which differs from profit or loss in the financial statements. Calculation of current tax is based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

#### **Participating shares**

A financial instrument that provides for redemption on a specific date or at the option of the holder meets the definition of a financial liability if the issuer has an obligation to transfer financial assets to the holder of the share. Accordingly the participating shares of the continuing Cells have been classified as financial liabilities in accordance with IAS 32. The participating shares of the run-off Cells may only be redeemed at the absolute discretion of the Directors and are accordingly classified as equity.

# Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are defined as cash in hand, demand deposits and highly liquid investments readily convertible within three months from the date of acquisition or less to known amounts of cash and subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

# Use of judgements and estimates

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, the Directors are required to make certain judgements and estimates to arrive at fair value for its assets and liabilities. Significant areas requiring the Directors' judgement include taxation and the fair value of investments. The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognised is based on an assessment of the probability that the future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax loss carry forwards can be utilised (see Note 6). In calculating the fair value of investments, key estimates include the life expectancy of insureds and the discount rate applied to future cash flows. In light of the judgements applied, disclosures are provided in Note 14 which shows the impact on the value of investments using different assumptions for life expectancy and discount rates.

# **Contingent liabilities**

Provisions for legal disputes or other claims are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required from the Group and amounts can be estimated reliably. The timing or amount of the outflow may still be uncertain. No liability is recognised if an outflow of economic resources as a result of present obligations is not probable. Such situations are disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the outflow of resources is remote.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

#### 2 Material Agreements

### a) Management fee

The Manager is entitled to receive a fee from the Cells at the rate of 1.5% per annum (other than for the Way Cells - 1.95% and Dollar I Cell - 1%) of the Net Asset Value of the Cells, calculated in line with the method set out in the Scheme Particulars. The fee is calculated at the end of each month and is payable monthly in arrears.

#### b) Performance fee

With effect from 1 May 2015, the Manager and the Investment Adviser both agreed to waive their entitlement to any future performance fees.

#### c) Custodian fee

The Custodian is entitled to receive a fee at the rate of £14,000 per annum per Cell subject to a minimum of £70,000 per annum for the Company as a whole, payable quarterly in arrears. The aggregate fee payable to the Custodian is charged to the Cells on a pro-rata basis relative to each Cell's Net Asset Value. In addition, the Custodian is entitled to be reimbursed for any out of pocket expenses together with any sub-custodian fees.

#### d) Administration fee

For acting as administrator of the Fund, Saffery Champness Fund Services Limited receives a fee from the Manager consisting of an ad valorem fee at the rate of 0.1% per annum of net assets up to and including US\$250 million; plus 0.075% per annum of net assets in excess of US\$250 million, subject to a minimum fee of £10,000 per annum per cell and an overall minimum fee of £35,000 per annum; plus a corporate secretarial fee of £10,000 per annum for up to four board meetings per year; plus an administration fee of £4,000 per annum per company in respect of any Affiliate of the Fund to which SCFSL provides administration services. Such fee shall be capped at a maximum of US\$470,000 per annum.

All administration fees are borne by the Manager.

#### e) Registration fee

For acting as registrar, Saffery Champness Fund Services Limited receives a fee from the Group of US\$100,000 per annum and the reimbursement of all out-of-pocket expenses.

With effect from 1 January 2019, the registrar is entitled to charge the Fund fees for processing stock transfer forms of US\$920 per transfer of high risk stock, US\$615 per transfer of complex stock and US\$125 per transfer of simple stock. Such fees shall be capped at a maximum of US\$75,000 per annum.

#### f) Sub-Custodian fee

The Sub-Custodian is entitled to charge EEA Life Settlements Inc a fixed annual fee of US\$75,000 payable monthly in arrears, and to the reimbursement of all out-of-pocket expenses.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

# 2 Material Agreements (continued)

# g) Servicing Agent fee

The Servicing Agent is entitled to charge a one time review fee of US\$570 (2018: US\$570) per policy. In addition, there is an annual standing charge of US\$5,000, payable quarterly in advance, subject to a minimum of US\$2,000 per month.

# h) Investment Advisory fee

The Investment Advisor is entitled to a fixed fee of \$50,000 per month.

3	Net (loss)/gain on investments	2019 US\$000	2018 US\$000
	Proceeds from maturity of investments	62,264	81,457
	Costs of investments matured	(70,678)	(69,691)
	Realised (loss)/profit from maturity of investments	(8,414)	11,766
	Movement in unrealised gains revaluation of investments	8,153	1,019
	Net (losses)/gains on investments during the year	(261)	12,785

Realised gains and losses on maturities and sales of investments are calculated by reference to the historic cost of those investments.

Accumulated unrealised gains or losses on maturities and sales are reversed through "movement in unrealised (losses)/gains on revaluation of investments".

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

# 4 Expenses

·	2019 US\$000	2018 US\$000
Management fee (note 2a)	2,671	3,334
Administration fee (note 2d)	-	-
Registration fee (note 2e)	150	118
Investment advisory fee (note 2h)	600	622
Independent valuation agent fee	180	180
General expenses	122	138
Sub-custodian fee (note 2f)	75	75
Audit fee	149	150
Premium payment agent fee	67	65
Custodian fee (note 2c)	501	526
Legal fees	692	440
Professional fees	43	74
Directors' remuneration	183	190
Servicing agent fee (note 2g)	24	24
	5,457	5,936

<sup>&</sup>quot;General expenses" includes bank interest, bank charges, D&O insurance premiums, printing costs, the cost of obtaining updated LEs, and other sundry expenses.

# 5 Dividends

No dividends were declared and paid during the year ended 31 December 2019 or 2018.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

#### 6 Taxation

The Company has obtained exemption from Guernsey Income Tax under The Income Tax (Exempt Bodies) (Guernsey) Ordinance, 1989 and accordingly is subject to an annual fee of £1,200.

EEA Life Settlements Inc. is subject to US taxation at 35% on the profits arising in that company. On 22 December 2017, the United States enacted tax reform legislation through the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, resulting in significant modification to existing law, including a reduction in the corporate tax rate from 35% to 21%, a move from a worldwide tax system to a territorial system, as well as other changes.

	2019	2018
	US\$000	US\$000
Net (loss)/income before taxation	(5,182)	7,512
Loss/(income) exempt from tax	3,496	4,327
Net (loss)/income subject to tax	(1,686)	11,839
Tax rate (exempt in Guernsey)	-	
	-	-
Adjust for tax rate difference in US of 21% (2018: 21%)	(354)	2,486
Tax effect of:		
Non-taxable unrealised gain	(2,123)	(1,078)
Deductible interest	(3,821)	(3,696)
Taxable operating losses to carry forward	6,298	2,288
Tax expense	_	-
Tax expense comprises:		
- Current tax expense	-	-
- Deferred tax expense	-	-
Tax expense		
		-

EEA Life Settlements Inc.'s net operating losses are available to offset future taxable profits, if and when they arise, for a period of 20 years after generation. They are also available to carryback to previously taxable profits for a period of 2 years before the year of generation.

Deferred taxes arise from unrealised gains and losses on life policies, unrelieved allowable expenses and net operating loss carryforward. As at 31 December 2019, the Group calculated a deferred tax asset of US\$109,764,000 (2018: US\$104,933,000) which has not been recognised as it is not probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deferred tax asset can be utilised to their full extent.

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

7	Investments at fair value through profit or loss	2019 US\$000	2018 US\$000
	Fair value at beginning of year	151,695	186,494
	Additions (premiums)	28,710	33,873
	Proceeds from maturity of investments	(62,264)	(81,457)
	Realised (loss)/gain from maturity of investments	(8,414)	11,766
	Movement in unrealised gain on revaluation		
	of investments	8,153	1,019
	Fair value at end of year	117,880	151,695

Fair value measurements for the Group are based on Level 3 inputs of the three-level hierarchy system which indicates significant inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). The valuation basis for the investments in life insurance policies is explained in Notes 1 and 14. There were no transfers into or out of level 3 classification during the year or prior year.

The valuation is carried out by the Independent Valuation Agent with detailed consultation with and review by the Directors.

8	Debtors	2019 US\$000	2018 US\$000
	Investment maturity proceeds receivable Prepayments	24,161 18	9,000 39
	Bank interest receivable	9	60
		24,188	9,099

### Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

9	Creditors	2019 US\$000	2018 US\$000
	Management fee	223	265
	Audit fee	151	140
	Registration fees	23	8
	Other expenses	23	69
	Investment advisory fee	50	50
	Custodian fee	132	129
	Directors' remuneration	1	1
			·
		603	662

# 10 Management Shares, Participating Shares and Share Premium

The authorised shares of the Company are as follows:

	2019 US\$	2018 US\$
Authorised		
100 Management Shares of €1.00 each	122	122
Unlimited number of participating shares of no par value	-	-
	122	122

When the Company was established, the Management Shares were created in order to comply with the then applicable Guernsey Law under which the Participating Shares in issue must be issued with preference over an alternative class of capital. The Management Shares in issue must be issued to the Manager and its representatives.

The Management Shares are not redeemable and do not carry any right to vote (except in relation to a resolution to voluntarily wind up the Company or unless there are no Participating Shares in issue in which case each Management Share carries one vote) or to dividends. Assets not attributable to any particular Cell will constitute the non-cellular assets of the Company for the purposes of the Law. In a winding-up the surplus of any such assets shall be distributed among the holders of Management Shares pro rata to their respective holdings up to the nominal value paid up in the Management Shares.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

### 10 Management shares, Participating Shares and Share Premium (continued)

Participating Shares may normally be issued and redeemed at prices based on the value of the Company's net assets in accordance with the Company's Articles of Incorporation and Scheme Particulars. Participating Shares carry the right to vote at general meetings of the Company and to receive dividends. Holders of Participating Shares are entitled to their pro rata share of the Company's surplus assets after the return of paid up capital on the Management Shares.

On 1 January 2014, a restructuring of the Fund was implemented whereby Continuing Cells and Run-Off Cells were created. For the avoidance of doubt, the whole of the share capital and share premium account is distributable subject to meeting the solvency test criteria and any restrictions in the Company's Articles of Incorporation.

The Continuing Cells are closed to subscriptions. Participating Shares are redeemable at the option of the holder and in accordance with the Fund's Information Memorandum, the relevant supplement(s) and the Fund's Articles of Incorporation on a quarterly basis.

The Run-Off Cells are closed to subscriptions. Participating Shares in the Run-Off Cells may not be redeemed at the option of the shareholder.

### Issued share capital

Management shares	No of shares
Balance at 31 December 2019 and 2018	100

The issues and redemptions for the year ended 31 December 2019 and 2018 are set out in the following pages.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

# 10 Management shares, Participating Shares and Share Premium (continued)

# Issued share capital Participating Shares

# **Number of Shares**

	Dollar X	Dollar X	Dollar Dist	Dollar Dist
	Cont Cell	Run-Off Cell	Cont Cell	Run-Off Cell
Balance as at 31 December 2017	99,957	116,768	12,457	17,288
Redeemed during the year	(16,086)	(23,904)	(1,992)	(3,526)
Balance as at 31 December 2018	83,871	92,864	10,465	13,762
Balance as at 31 December 2018	83,871	92,864	10,465	13,762
Redeemed during the year	(13,800)	(11,388)	(1,712)	(1,681)
Balance as at 31 December 2019	70,071	81,476	8,753	12,081
		Dollar I Run-Off Cell	Dollar Acc Cont Cell	Dollar Acc Run-Off Cell
Balance as at 31 December 2017		57,000	11,485	7,574
Redeemed during the year		(12,031)	(1,839)	(1,539)
Balance as at 31 December 2018		44,969	9,646	6,035
Balance as at 31 December 2018		44,969	9,646	6,035
Redeemed during the year		(5,643)	(1,579)	(734)
Balance as at 31 December 2019		39,326	8,067	5,301

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

# 10 Management shares, Participating Shares and Share Premium (continued)

	Euro X Cont Cell	Euro X Run-Off Cell	Euro Dist Cont Cell	Euro Dist Run-Off Cell
Balance as at 31 December 2017	76,522	52,462	5,078	10,091
Redeemed during the year	(12,343)	(10,782)	(808)	(2,063)
Balance as at 31 December 2018	64,179	41,680	4,270	8,028
Balance as at 31 December 2018	64,179	41,680	4,270	8,028
Redeemed during the year	(10,590)	(5,018)	(697)	(962)
Balance as at 31 December 2019	53,589	36,662	3,573	7,066
		Euro Acc Cont Cell	Euro Acc Run-Off Cell	Euro Y Run-Off Cell
Balance as at 31 December 2017		6,291	1,676	6,365
Redeemed during the year	,	(1,004)	(333)	(1,297)
Balance as at 31 December 2018		5,287	1,343	5,068
Balance as at 31 December 2018		5,287	1,343	5,068
Redeemed during the year	•	(865)	(156)	(604)
Balance as at 31 December 2019	;	4,422	1,187	4,464
	SEK X Cont Cell	SEK X Run-Off Cell	Sterling X Cont Cell	Sterling X Run-Off Cell
Balance as at 31 December 2017	93,567	96,732	208,712	213,629
Redeemed during the year	(8,759)	(19,822)	(33,181)	(43,816)
Balance as at 31 December 2018	84,808	76,910	175,531	169,813
Balance as at 31 December 2018	84,808	76,910	175,531	169,813
Redeemed during the year	(9,505)	(9,078)	(22,894)	(21,068)
Balance as at 31 December 2019	75,303	67,832	152,637	148,745

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

# 10 Management shares, Participating Shares and Share Premium (continued)

	Sterling Dist Cont Cell	Sterling Dist Run-Off Cell	Sterling Acc Cont Cell	Sterling Acc Run-Off Cell
Balance as at 31 December 2017	52,334	93,541	224,899	434,818
Redeemed during the year	(8,435)	(19,182)	(36,270)	(89,188)
Balance as at 31 December 2018	43,899	74,359	188,629	345,630
Balance as at 31 December 2018 Redeemed during the year	43,899 (7,238)	74,359 (9,223)	188,629 (31,117)	345,630 (42,885)
Balance as at 31 December 2019	36,661	65,136	157,512	302,745
	Meteor Cont Cell	Meteor Run-Off Cell	Meteor II Cont Cell	Meteor II Run-Off Cell
Balance as at 31 December 2017 Redeemed during the year	32,123 (5,176)	66,455 (13,627)	29,681 (4,784)	36,131 (7,407)
Balance as at 31 December 2018	26,947	52,828	24,897	28,724
Balance as at 31 December 2018 Redeemed during the year	26,947 (4,442)	52,828 (6,553)	24,897 (4,104)	28,724 (3,561)
Balance as at 31 December 2019	22,505	46,275	20,793	25,163
	WAY Cont Cell	WAY Run-Off Cell		
Balance as at 31 December 2017 Redeemed during the year	4,493 (557)	16,427 (3,267)		
Balance as at 31 December 2018	3,936	13,160		
Balance as at 31 December 2018 Redeemed during the year	3,936	13,160 (1,595)		
Balance as at 31 December 2019	3,936	11,565		

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

# 11 Net assets attributable to holders of participating shares

	Share premium and capital US\$000	Net losses from operating activities US\$000	Currency translation reserve US\$000
Balance at 31 December 2018	414,749	(194,448)	(11,787)
Redemptions of participating shares	(28,760)	-	-
Net losses from operating activities	-	(5,182)	-
Movement in currency translation reserve		-	822
Net assets attributable to holders of participating shares at 31 December 2019	385,989	(199,630)	(10,965)
		2019 US\$000	2018 US\$000
Share premium and capital		385,989	414,749
Net losses from operating activities		(199,630)	(194,448)
Currency translation reserve	_	(10,965)	(11,787)
Net assets attributable to holders of participating shares	_	175,394	208,514

# 12 (Loss)/earnings per share

Basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per share have been calculated by dividing the net (loss)/profit for the year attributable to participating shareholders by the weighted average number of participating shares in issue during the year.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

	Dollar X			
	Cont	Cell	Run-Of	f Cell
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	US\$000	US\$000	US\$000	US\$000
Net (loss)/profit attributable to shareholders	(220)	328	(245)	363
Weighted average number of shares in issue	72,852	90,675	84,534	103,447
Basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per participating share	\$(3.02)	\$3.62	\$(2.89)	\$3.51
		Dolla	r Dist	
	Cont		Run-Of	f Cell
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	US\$000	US\$000	US\$000	US\$000
Net (loss)/profit attributable to shareholders	(19)	25	(23)	33
Weighted average number of shares in issue	9,098	11,308	12,528	15,310
Basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per participating share	\$(2.00)	\$2.21	\$(1.89)	\$2.16
			Dolla Run-Of	
			2019	2018
			US\$000	US\$000
Net (loss)/profit attributable to shareholders			(80)	163
Weighted average number of shares in issue			40,826	50,232
Basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per participating share			\$(1.96)	\$3.24

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

(,,,	Dollar Acc			
	Cont Cell Run-Off Cell			f Cell
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	US\$000	US\$000	US\$000	US\$000
Net (loss)/profit attributable to				
shareholders	(20)	27	(13)	16
Weighted average number of shares	0.205	10.424	F 40C	C 713
in issue	8,385	10,424	5,496	6,712
Basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per				
participating share	\$(2.37)	\$2.59	\$(2.32)	\$2.38
		Eur	n X	
	Cont (		Run-Of	f Cell
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	€000	€000	€000	€000
Net (loss)/profit attributable to				
shareholders	(25)	571	(20)	366
Weighted average number of shares	FF 720	60.270	27.005	46 200
in issue	55,739	69,370	37,995	46,390
Basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per				
participating share	€(0.44)	€8.23	€(0.53)	€7.89
		Euro	Dict	
	Cont (		Run-Of	f Cell
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	€000	€000	€000	€000
Net (loss)/profit attributable to				
shareholders	(2)	25	(3)	47
Weighted average number of shares	2.664	4.000	7 222	0.021
in issue	3,664	4,609	7,322	8,931
Basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per				
participating share	€(0.51)	€5.42	€(0.45)	€5.26

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

(coop) comme por processor (comment)	Euro Acc			
	Cont Cell Run-Off Cell			f Cell
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	€000	€000	€000	€000
Net (loss)/profit attributable to shareholders	(3)	33	0	6
Weighted average number of shares in issue	4,597	5,709	1,228	1,490
Basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per participating share	€(0.48)	€5.78	€(0.95)	€4.03
			Euro Run-Of	
			2019	2018
			€000	€000
Net (loss)/profit attributable to shareholders			(2)	29
Weighted average number of shares in issue			4,624	5,637
Basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per participating share			€(0.49)	€ 5.14
		SEK	X	
	Cont C		Run-Of	f Cell
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	SEK000	SEK000	SEK000	SEK000
Net profit attributable to shareholders	189	697	186	766
Weighted average number of shares in issue	75,329	87,854	70,244	85,579
Basic and diluted earnings per participating share	SEK 2.52	SEK 7.93	SEK 2.65	SEK 8.95

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

(LOSS)/ Carrings per share (continued)	Sterling X			
	Cont C	ell	Run-Off	Cell
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Net (loss)/profit attributable to				
shareholders	(1,106)	1,781	(1,046)	1,707
Weighted average number of shares in issue	156,322	189,731	154,344	189,063
1113340	130,322	103,731	134,344	103,003
Basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per	2(= 22)		a/a =a\	
participating share	£(7.08)	£9.39	£(6.78)	£9.03
		Sterling	g Dist	
	Cont C		Run-Off	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Net (loss)/profit attributable to				
shareholders	(202)	334	(344)	560
Weighted average number of shares in issue	38,121	47,449	67,587	82,788
	,	,	51,001	5=7: 55
Basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per	C/E 20)	67.04	C/E 00)	CC 7C
participating share	£(5.30)	£7.04	£(5.09)	£6.76
		Sterlin		
	Cont C		Run-Off	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Net (loss)/profit attributable to				
shareholders	(1,299)	2,150	(2,398)	3,913
Weighted average number of shares				
in issue	163,790	203,893	314,142	384,814
Basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per participating share	£(7.93)	£10 E4	£(7.63)	£10.17
hai riciharilik zilate	I(7.93)	£10.54	I(7.03)	110.17

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

(coop, comme per comme (comment)	Meteor			
	Cont Cell Run-Off Cell			Cell
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Net (loss)/profit attributable to				
shareholders	(171)	283	(337)	550
3narenolders	(171)	203	(337)	330
Weighted average number of shares				
in issue	23,401	29,125	48,016	58,815
Basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per participating share	£(7.31)	£9.72	£(7.04)	£9.35
participating share	£(7.51)	19.72	£(7.04)	19.55
		Mete	or II	
	Cont C	ell	Run-Off	Cell
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Net (loss)/profit attributable to				
shareholders	(141)	231	(165)	267
Weighted average number of shares				
in issue	21,621	26,910	26,109	31,979
Basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per				
participating share	£(6.54)	£8.58	£(6.32)	£8.35
		WA	-	
	Cont C 2019	ell 2018	Run-Off 2019	Cell 2018
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Net (loss)/profit attributable to				
shareholders	(24)	18	(79)	111
Weighted average number of shares				
in issue	3,936	4,070	11,989	14,602
	2,330	.,0.0	,505	_ 1,002
Basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per				
participating share	£(6.22)	£4.42	£(6.50)	£7.60

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

13	Net cash outflow from operating activities	2019 US\$000	2018 US\$000
	Reconciliation of net loss before investment result		
	to net cash outflow from operating activities		
	Income	536	663
	Expenses	(5,457)	(5,936)
	Net loss before investment result	(4,921)	(5,273)
	Adjustment for non cash items:		
	Increase/(decrease) in debtors	72	(18)
	Decrease in creditors	(59)	(29)
	Decrease in withholding tax creditor		(173)
	Net cash outflow from operating activities	(4,908)	(5,493)

#### 14 Risk Profile

The Company's investment objective is to invest in outstanding life insurance policies issued primarily in the United States and, in respect of the Continuing Cells, to invest in other instruments which provide exposure to life insurance policies with similar characteristics to those currently held by the Group. The Company seeks to achieve medium to long term capital growth.

The Group's material financial instruments comprise:

- life insurance policies held in accordance with the Group's investment objectives as set out above, and
- cash, debtors and creditors that arise directly from the Group's operations.

The investment policy is to invest in a diversified portfolio of insurance policies. When choosing and pricing policies the Investment Adviser takes into account the life expectancy, the health and the age of the insured, the amount of the premiums needed to keep the policy in force, the rating of the issuing insurance Group and the amount of the death benefit. The Manager has appointed the Investment Adviser to source and procure the life policies and provide tracking services. Tracking involves appointing medical professionals to contact the care providers of the insureds to determine their current health status and reporting to the Investment Adviser on a quarterly basis.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

### 14 Risk Profile (continued)

The main investment restrictions are:

- not to purchase a policy which is issued by an insurance company rated less than 'B' by one of the major rating agencies
- not to purchase a policy which has not yet passed the suicide and contestability period
- not to purchase policies held by insureds diagnosed with the same illness the aggregate face value of which is more than 20 per cent of the total face value of policies held
- not to purchase policies from a single insurance company to an aggregate face value of more than 20 per cent of the total face value of all policies held
- not to purchase policies from an insured whose life expectancy is more than 96 months from the date of purchase
- not to purchase a policy the face value of which represents more than 3.5% of the total value of all policies held
- not to purchase policies from a non United States resident
- not to purchase any policies where the insured has been diagnosed as having AIDS or being HIV positive
- not to purchase a term life policy, the remaining term at the time of the purchase of which is less than 10 years if the life expectancy of the insured is 4 years, or 9 years if the life expectancy of the insured is 3 years or less
- invest in foreign exchange forward contracts, futures contracts and options for the purpose of hedging of the investments only
- not to borrow more than 10% of its net assets for any purpose
- not to invest more than 10% of its net asset value in other collective investment schemes, save in respect of Other Instruments as defined in the Information Memorandum.

## Financial risk management and policies

The Scheme Particulars set out a comprehensive set of risk factors associated with the Group's investments, but the main risks arising from the Group's investment in a diversified portfolio of life insurance policies are longevity risk (i.e. the risk that insured lives live longer than expected), market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Board regularly reviews and agrees policies for managing these risks and these are summarised below.

# Longevity risk

Longevity risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because estimates of the remaining life of the insured lives are incorrect. This risk can be separated into systematic lives risk and specific lives risk as follows:

- 1. Systematic lives risk the population as a whole starts to live longer (or the population of lives whose life insurance policies have been traded in the market start to live longer).
- 2. Specific lives risk the specific lives purchased by the Group live longer than expected. This may be due to particularly poor experience for the types of lives purchased by the Group or that certain types of lives respond particularly well to treatment.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

### 14 Risk Profile (continued)

Assumptions are made about the remaining life expectancy of each life based on the methodology described in Note 1. There is a risk that the actual experience may unfold in a different way from the assumptions or that new evidence emerges requiring a significant change to the assumptions. There is a rolling programme of life expectancy reviews conducted by third party providers. The results of these reviews are communicated to the Board by the Investment Adviser and where appropriate reflected in the valuations. If the assumptions were changed the valuation of these investments could significantly differ from that shown in the financial statements. As at 31 December 2019, all life expectancy estimates have been made within two years. In previous years, a sizeable minority of policies had life expectancy estimates, for valuation purposes, which were more than two years old. These have since been updated.

As at 31 December 2019, EEA Life Settlements Inc held 70 life settlement assets valued at US\$118 million (2018: 90 policies valued at US\$152 million).

Within the consolidated financial statements, the longevity risk is captured within a relatively high discount rate compared to vanilla financial instruments, the level of which varies by underwriter.

The table below illustrates how the valuation changes should these assumptions be altered. The following are shown:

- a) The valuation included in the consolidated financial statements calculated on the assumptions for risk discount rate and average LEs.
- b) How the valuation varies should the risk discount rates be increased or reduced by 100 bps with the average LEs unchanged
- c) How this value varies should the average LEs increase by 1 year or 2 years with the risk discount rate unchanged.

	2019 US\$000	2018 US\$000
a) Valuation included in financial statements*	117,880	151,695
b) Valuation if adjust discount rate + 100 bps	115,476	148,410
Valuation if adjust discount rate - 100 bps	120,387	155,122
c) Valuation + 1 year to valuation (a) LE	81,256	107,222
Valuation + 2 years to valuation (a) LE	51,239	70,081

<sup>\*</sup>Calculated using discount rates on average of 13.30% in 2019 and 12.75% in 2018.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

#### 14 Risk Profile (continued)

### Systematic lives risk

There are two parts to this risk.

- (i) Underwriters' estimations of life expectancy are incorrect
- (ii) Systematic improvements in mortality due to medical advancements

All life settlements are underwritten individually, and different life expectancies and uplift factors (the relative increase in mortality required for the life) are determined for each life. The underwriter produces an underwriting report including the life expectancy (LE). The LE can broadly be considered to be the age on which around 50% of lives are expected to die, or the average date that a life might die.

If the underlying insured lives longer than the underwriter expected, the valuation will decrease. This is because profits arising from death benefit are being realised later and total future premiums are underestimated. The reverse is true if the underlying insured dies before the underwriter expected. As seen from the table above, the valuation is highly sensitive to mortality changes.

The second risk is that medical advancements will improve mortality significantly, resulting in profit being delayed and reduced.

#### Specific lives risk

There is a risk that the underlying lives with acute diseases respond well to treatment which gives rise to the impairment going into remission. If this happens on a large number of lives, the overall LE of the portfolio could be extended and the value of the policies will reduce.

Similarly, there is a risk that the policies purchased by the Group happen to experience particularly poor experience for other reasons (e.g. poor underwriting).

## Risk discount rate

The risk discount rate is chosen by the independent valuation agent based on its experience of the Life Settlements Market.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

### 14 Risk Profile (continued)

#### Market risk

Market risk comprises foreign currency risk and interest rate risk.

Market price risk arises mainly from uncertainty about future prices of financial instruments held. It is the intention of the Group to hold its investments until maturity, although the Group has the discretion to sell policies if it believes it is in the Group's best interests. In the event that the Group wishes to sell an investment, there is a limited secondary market for such investments. Although the carrying value of investments as at period end is the best estimate of their fair value, it is possible, particularly as a consequence of the impact of past regulatory intervention, that the Group may, on sale, not be able to achieve the fair value used for the purpose of valuing investments in these financial statements particularly in view of the number of policies to be sold as compared with current market volumes.

### Foreign currency risk

Each of the Cells invests entirely in the shares of EEA Life Settlements Holdings Limited with the effect that each cell, other than the dollar Cells, is exposed to the currency risks of the underlying investments which are denominated in US Dollars.

The non-US Dollar Cells did not enter into any hedging arrangements in 2019 or 2018 and therefore are exposed to currency risks arising from fluctuations in the US Dollar.

At 31 December 2019, the Group's net currency exposure in investments and net current assets can be analysed as follows:

Net current Investments assets Total		
US\$000	US\$000	US\$000
117,880	51,351	169,231
-	5,721	5,721
-	398	398
-	44	44
117,880	57,514	175,394
	US\$000 117,880 - - -	Investments us\$000  117,880 51,351 - 5,721 - 398 - 44

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

## 14 Risk Profile (continued)

At 31 December 2018, the Group's net currency exposure in investments and net current assets can be analysed as follows:

	Net current		
	Investments US\$000	assets US\$000	Total US\$000
US Dollar	151,695	53,668	205,363
Sterling	-	2,793	2,793
Euro	-	255	255
SEK	-	103	103
	151,695	56,819	208,514

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to the Group's cash. All cash bears interest at floating rates. The following table sets out the Group's exposure to interest rate risk as at 31 December:

	2019 US\$000	2018 US\$000
Non- interest bearing Interest bearing - floating rate	141,465 33,929	160,132 48,382
	175,394	208,514

The interest bearing floating rate assets are denominated in US Dollars. If the US Dollar interest rate increased/decreased by 50 basis points the net income and net assets would increase/decrease by US\$169,645 (2018: US\$ 241,910)

The calculations are based on the cash balance at the reporting date and are not representative of the period as a whole. The 50 basis points represents the Directors' assessment of the possible change in interest rates.

# Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty will be unable or unwilling to meet a commitment that it has entered into with the Group. To mitigate this risk the Group aims to build a diversified portfolio of policies and adopts restrictions on the security rating of the insurance companies issuing the policies and the exposure of the Group to any one insurance company. At 31 December 2019, 92% (2018: 84%) of policies were with insurance companies with a rating of 'A' or above, with 7% (2018: 8%) being rated 'A-' and 1% (2018: 8%) being 'B++', 'B+' or 'B-'. Substantially all cash balances are held with Citizens Bank NA, the sub-custodian, which has a good credit rating (A-1) and with BNP Paribas Securities Services (the Custodian, which has an A credit rating) and, in the opinion of the Directors, whilst it is a risk, does not currently represent a significant credit risk. The carrying amounts of financial assets best represent the maximum credit risk exposure at the end of the reporting period.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

#### 14 Risk Profile (continued)

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter in realising assets or otherwise raising funds to meet its financial commitments. The Investment Adviser has sought to select life insurance policies which are expected to mature within a reasonable timeframe. There is minimal or no return on such policies until maturity. There is a secondary market for the life policies but it is not highly regulated or developed and there is no certainty the market will be active. Therefore, there can be no assurance that the liquidity of the investments will always be sufficient to meet redemption requests as and when made.

Participating Shares in the Continuing Cells are redeemable at the option of the Shareholder on a quarterly basis and in accordance with the Fund's Information Memorandum, relevant Supplement(s) and the Fund's Articles of Incorporation. However, in the event that redemption requests for shares in a Cell exceed the available cash held by a Cell or 10% of the Net Asset Value of the Cell, the Directors shall be entitled at their absolute discretion to refuse to redeem such shares.

The Run-Off Cells are closed to subscriptions and Participating Shares in a Run-Off Cell may not be redeemed at the option of the Shareholder.

The Fund also needs to maintain sufficient resources to fund the ongoing premiums of the policies in order to keep the policies in force. With effect from March 2017, a buffer of 12 months' premium (previously 24 months) has been targeted to ensure that the Fund has sufficient resources to meet the premium obligations. The expected premiums for 2020 are approximately US\$25 million as compared with expected receipts from maturities of approximately US\$65 million. Maturities in subsequent years are expected to more than cover the contemporaneous premium cost.

The estimated maturity profile of the fair value of the insurance policies as at 31 December held is set out below:

	2019	2018
	US\$000	US\$000
0 to 3 months	-	4,858
3 to 12 months	7,774	33,106
1 to 2 years	60,367	38,306
2 to 5 years	39,714	59,245
More than 5 years	10,025	16,180
	117,880	151,695

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

### 14 Risk Profile (continued)

All liabilities other than those relating to Participating Shares of the Continuing Cells are due on demand.

### Management of capital

The Manager manages the capital of each Cell in accordance with its investment objectives and policies. The capital of each Cell consists of proceeds from the issue of Participating Shares and the reserve accounts. There are redemption gate provisions in place to ensure that the Company can retain sufficient available cash to meet premium and other obligations for the foreseeable future. The Fund does not have any externally imposed capital requirements.

#### Fair value measurement

The financial assets measured at fair value are disclosed using a fair value hierarchy that is based on the observability of significant inputs used in making the fair value measurements, as follows:-

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Those involving inputs other than quoted prices included in level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices).

Level 3 - Those inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

All the Group's investments are carried at fair value at the end of the reporting period. The fair value of the financial instruments can be readily determined within a reasonable range of estimates. For certain financial instruments including debtors and creditors the carrying value approximates to fair value due to the immediate or short term nature of those financial instruments.

The fair value used in these financial statements for the value of life policies may not be the value which would be achieved on sale of those policies. The fair value of life insurance policies held is estimated using a valuation technique sensitive to valuation assumptions that are not supported by observable market prices such as the life expectancy of the assured. The valuation is carried out by the Independent Valuation Agent with detailed consultation with and review by the Directors.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

#### 15 Related party transactions

Transactions with related parties are based on terms equivalent to those that prevail in an arm's length transaction.

Management fees are payable to the Manager. During the year, these amounted to \$2,670,901 (2018: \$3,333,925). As at the year end, \$222,969 (2018: \$264,455) was outstanding and due to the Manager.

Administration fees are borne by the Manager. During the year these amounted to \$431,892 (2018: \$405,571).

The Directors have no disclosable interests in the shares of the Company. During the year, the Directors received remuneration totalling \$182,935 (2018: \$190,239).

Chris Daly is Managing Director of ViaSource Funding Group LLC, which is the Investment Adviser.

Simon and Razena Shaw are the principal shareholders of Melquart Limited (formerly EEA Holdings Limited), the ultimate parent company of the Manager and the Marketing Agent. Simon Shaw is also the Chairman of the Marketing Agent.

There is no ultimate or immediate controlling or holding party.

### 16 Commitments

In order to maintain cover the Company is committed to pay premiums of the life insurance policies acquired which are expected to amount to US\$113 million (2018: US\$127 million) based on estimated life expectancies of the insured calculated consistent with the valuation methodology.

# 17 Contingent liability

During 2017, Coventry Capital US LLC issued proceedings in the US against EEA Life Settlements Inc., together with individuals representing the Manager, alleging a pattern of fraudulent, bad faith conduct in the negotiation of an agreement to sell the Group's portfolio of life insurance policies. The defendants categorically reject the allegations and have filed defences to that effect. The proceedings are ongoing and remain outstanding as at the date of approval of these financial statements. The outcome of the proceedings and amount of any contingent liabilities cannot be predicted or estimated at this stage.

#### 18 Post balance sheet events

COVID-19 is a developing situation and as of the date of approval of these consolidated financial statements, the assessment of this situation will need continued attention and will evolve over time. From the view of the Directors, COVID-19 is considered to be a non-adjusting subsequent event and as a result, no adjustment is made in these financial statements. The Directors have been monitoring and will continue to monitor the latest developments relating to COVID-19 and the possible future impact on the Group. The investment portfolio of the Group is continuing to be managed as before and at present there is no reason to alter the methodology or assumptions in valuing the investments.

Subsequent to the year end, there have been no other adjusting or non-adjusting events to report.

# Schedule of Investments as at 31 December 2019

File number	Insurance company	Net death benefit US\$000	Fair value US\$000	% of net assets %
9950A	MetLife	100	-	-
13892B	Primerica	100	15	0.01
19822	State Farm Life	100	(6)	(0.00)
21455	Aviva Life Insurance Co	150	75	0.04
9950B	State Farm Life	192	(5)	(0.00)
11996	US Financial Life	200	6	0.00
7891B	William Penn	244	60	0.03
16216A	Aviva Life Insurance Co	250	118	0.07
16216B	American General Life	250	129	0.07
23760B	Lincoln National	250	83	0.05
10065	Lincoln Benefit	291	(39)	(0.02)
19800	MetLife	400	(42)	(0.02)
20857	Transamerica	400	118	0.07
23195	Western Reserve Life	400	192	0.11
10864	RiverSource Life Insurance	500	248	0.14
19828	Transamerica	500	48	0.03
20448	American General Life	500	217	0.12
24859	West Coast Life	500	208	0.12
23760A	Lincoln National	500	163	0.09
13892A	American General Life	550	(15)	(0.01)
17745A	General American Life	625	415	0.24
19239	Federated Life	733	130	0.07
19182	West Coast Life	750	115	0.07
10985	TransAmerica Occ.	800	488	0.28
18570C	United of Omaha	1,000	474	0.27
18570D	United of Omaha	1,000	474	0.27
18570E	United of Omaha	1,000	474	0.27
20781A	John Hancock	1,000	842	0.48
7891A	New England Financial	1,473	243	0.14
14234A	American General Life	2,000	786	0.45
18564	American General Life	2,500	2,243	1.28
18264B	Lincoln National	2,500	318	0.18
18264C	Lincoln National	2,500	319	0.18
20781C	John Hancock	2,500	2,178	1.24
14234B	American General Life	3,000	1,134	0.65
18295A	Mass Mutual	3,000	2,153	1.23
17980B	Lincoln Benefit	3,125	2,511	1.43
10570C	John Hancock	4,000	2,009	1.15
15403	Lincoln National	4,000	2,881	1.64
19317	TransAmerica	4,000	1,206	0.69
22412	Transamerica	4,100	1,513	0.86
1393B-1394B	West Coast Life	4,600	2,115	1.21
13173B	John Hancock	5,000	3,026	1.73
10570B	John Hancock	5,000	2,492	1.42

# Schedule of Investments as at 31 December 2019

File number	Insurance company	Net death benefit US\$000	Fair value US\$000	% of net assets %
18984B	American General Life	5,000	1,362	0.78
18984D	TransAmerica	5,000	1,847	1.05
18984C	Lincoln Benefit	5,000	1,507	0.86
18984E	Prudential	5,000	1,287	0.73
19677D	AXA	5,000	352	0.20
20255D	AXA	5,000	2,562	1.46
20170	John Hancock	5,000	3,588	2.05
23345	American General Life	5,000	(1,342)	(0.77)
2174C	American General Life	5,000	1,105	0.63
18295G	John Hancock	5,000	3,672	2.09
18570B	Sun Life Assurance	6,000	3,334	1.90
19677	Pacific Life	6,000	561	0.32
19136	John Hancock	7,000	4,830	2.75
18295D	AXA	8,000	5,072	2.89
19887A	American National	9,000	3,170	1.81
2951E	John Hancock	9,300	6,109	3.48
17197C	American General Life	10,000	4,810	2.74
18505	Lincoln National	10,000	6,723	3.83
18518B	AXA	10,000	5,832	3.33
17923B	Lincoln Financial	10,000	5,967	3.40
18965	Lincoln National	10,000	3,718	2.12
18505C	American National	10,000	5,644	3.22
19887B	Lincoln National	10,000	282	0.16
19677C	Lincoln Benefit	10,000	2,342	1.34
18295E	AXA	10,000	6,862	3.91
22990B	Phoenix	10,000	4,573	2.61
Total investmen	ts	261,883	117,881	67.21
Other net assets			57,513	32.79
Total net assets			175,394	100.00

# Schedule of Investment Maturities for the year ended 31 December 2019

File number	Insurance company	Proceeds received US\$000
971C	MetLife	-
11052	American General Life	2,000
12735	Lincoln Financial	600
14564	American General Life	5,830
14564B	American General Life	5,831
15538C	AXA	4,000
15806	Pacific Life	1,000
19083	Lincoln National	2,538
19130	Phoenix	6,000
19249	Lincoln National	10,000
20144	American National	-
21681	Genworth	1,000
21709	AXA	5,000
22894	Phoenix	500
23293A	Conseco Life	2,015
23293B	Conseco Life	2,014
23529	Lincoln National	1,200
2687A-2688A	Indianapolis Life	500
2687B	Aviva Life Insurance Co	-
9555D	The Hartford	8,800
Additional proc	eeds received from prior year maturities	3,436
Total investmen	nt maturities	62,264