Docusign Envelope ID: FD189008-E2F3-4530-9992-492AF6349B9A

**EEA Life Settlements Fund PCC Limited** 

Annual Report and Audited Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2024

# **EEA Life Settlements Fund PCC Limited**

Contents	Page
Directory	1
Investment adviser's report	2
Directors' Report	3-5
Independent Auditor's Report	6-8
Report of the Custodian	9
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income	10
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	11
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	12
Notes to the consolidated financial statements	13-44
Unaudited schedule of investments and maturities	45-46

#### **EEA Life Settlements Fund PCC Limited**

#### Directory

#### **Directors**

M A Colton (Chairman)

C Daly

A Northgrave

The address for each of the directors is that of the registered office

### **Registered Office**

1 Royal Plaza Royal Avenue St Peter Port Guernsey GY1 2HL

### Services Provider (from 1 January 2024)

EPIC Investment Partners (Guernsey) Limited

Windsor House Le Pollet St Peter Port Guernsey GY1 2WF

#### **Administrator, Secretary and Registrar**

Apex Fund and Corporate Services (Guernsey) Limited (formerly Apex Fund Administration (Guernsey) Limited)

1 Royal Plaza Royal Avenue St Peter Port Guernsey GY1 2HL

## **Independent Valuation Agent**

Maple Life Analytics, LLC 4350 East-West Highway

Bethesda Maryland 20814

**USA** 

#### **Auditors**

Grant Thornton Limited St James Place St James Street St Peter Port

Guernsey GY1 2NZ

#### **Investment Adviser**

ViaSource Funding Group LLC

106 Allen Road Bernards Township New Jersey

07920 USA

## Legal Advisers to the Fund (as to Guernsey law)

Walkers (Guernsey) LLP Block B, Helvetia Court

Les Echelons St Peter Port Guernsey GY1 1AR

## Manager (until 31 December 2023)

EEA Fund Management (Guernsey) Limited (in

voluntary liquidation)

1 Royal Plaza Royal Avenue St Peter Port Guernsey GY1 2HL

#### Custodian

BNP Paribas S.A., Guernsey Branch

BNP Paribas House St Julian's Avenue St Peter Port Guernsey GY1 1WA

## **Sub Custodian**

Citizens Bank NA One Citizens Plaza JCB 125

Providence RI 02903 USA

#### Investment adviser's report

ViaSource Funding Group, LLC ("ViaSource") is the investment adviser to EEA Life Settlements Fund PCC Limited (the "Fund"), selecting and managing a pool of policies that meet the purchasing criteria outlined in the prospectus. The purchasing criteria were designed to provide a pool of policies that are diversified among insurers, insureds and illnesses, from creditworthy insurance companies and are accurately underwritten for life expectancy. Prior to purchase all policies are certified by Mills, Potoczak and Company, who act as servicing agent, as to meeting the purchasing criteria. The cash reserves and policies purchased are held in the Trust Department of RBS Citizens N.A. and therefore are not part of the assets of the bank. In addition, ViaSource's team of medical professionals tracks the progress of the insureds.

The Fund has purchased a total of 926 policies from 108 different insurers and 729 separate insureds with a total net death benefit of \$1.87 billion. The weighted average current insureds were 92 years old at the end of December 2024.

691 of the policies with a combined Death Benefit of US\$1,334.4 million have matured since inception. The policies that matured did so at 83% (1) of their projected life expectancy and represented 94% of the total Net Death Benefit of policies purchased and 74% of the number of policies purchased. The 83% figure excludes the effects of policies that have not yet matured and includes the latest independent life expectancy estimates (which may serve to increase the original estimates). Increased longevity of insureds is apparent in both of these factors and is the reason for the maturity experience of the Fund.

Since inception a total of 196 files have been sold including 187 policies on 4 September 2015 with a combined net death benefit of US\$437.5 million and revised life expectancies over 48 months were sold. The policies were sold to a independent third party for a premium to their NAV as determined by the independent valuation agent.

Since inception 19 policies with a combined net death benefit of US\$25.0 million have been allowed to lapse due to the policies reaching their expiration date. None of the remaining policies will reach their expiration date before their expected maturity date as determined by the independent valuation agent.

The 20 policies outstanding as of 31 December 2024 had a total net death benefit of US\$66.9 million and an average Face Value of US\$3.3 million (2023: 31 policies with total net death benefit of US\$103.3 million and an average face vale of US\$3.3 million). The majority 83.8% (45% of policy count) of the active fund are comprised of policies with death benefits of \$5.0 million or greater. These policies had an average life expectancy ("LE") of 287.6 months (with revised LE) from purchase. The weighted average remaining months to LE is 39.7 months. Policies are issued by 11 insurance companies with a weighted average rating of A+ (rated by AM Best).

#### **Valuation Method**

An independent third party determines the value of the policies outstanding. The third party utilizes an actuarial present value model which adjusts the life expectancies obtained from independent life expectancy providers and applies a discount rate based upon their experience with independent life expectancy providers. Their adjusted weighted average remaining LE is 46.1 months (2023: 39 months).

### **Current Market Overview**

Currently, financial institutions including security firms, banks and hedge funds are purchasing policies in the market with life expectancies greater than 4 years and varying other criteria including minimum age of insureds. Most firms utilise actuarial models where policies purchased are evaluated on a pool basis with actuarial and probability assumptions allied to the policies to determine the projected return and cash flows from the pools.

ViaSource Funding Group LLC December 2024

(1) The percentage of life expectancy prior to July 2013 refers to the expected maturity date based on the life expectancy estimates obtained from independent life expectancy providers at the time of purchase. From July 2013 onwards, the expected maturity date is based on the life expectancy estimates obtained from a life expectancy provider in 2013.

#### **Directors' Report**

The Directors present their annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements of EEA Life Settlements Fund PCC Limited ("Company" or "Fund") and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2024.

#### **Business activities**

The Company was registered in Guernsey on 20 June 2005 under The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008. The Company's investment objective is to trade the property interest in outstanding life insurance policies issued primarily in the United States and, in respect of the Continuing Cells, to invest in other instruments which provide exposure to life insurance policies with similar characteristics to those currently held by the Company.

#### Authorisation

The Company has been authorised by the Guernsey Financial Services Commission ("GFSC") under The Protection of Investors (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 2020, as a Class B Scheme subject to The Authorised Collective Investment Schemes (Class B) Rules and Guidance 2021.

On 1 March 2024, following approval by shareholders, all existing Run-off Cell shares were converted to GBP New Run-off Cell shares and all existing Continuing Cell Shares were converted to GBP New Continuing Shares. The Company now has just two Cells both of which are denominated in GBP.

At 31 December 2024, there were two Cells (the "Cells") in operation:

- GBP New Continuing Cell
- GBP New Run-Off Cell

At 31 December 2023, there were twenty eight Cells (the "Cells") in operation:

- USD Fund Class X Cell (the "Dollar X Cont Cell"),
- USD Fund Class X Run-Off Cell (the "Dollar X Run-Off Cell"),
- USD Fund Dist Cell (the "Dollar Dist Cont Cell"),
- USD Fund Dist Run-Off Cell (the "Dollar Dist Run-Off Cell"),
- USD Fund Acc Cell (the "Dollar Acc Cont Cell"),
- USD Fund Acc Run-Off Cell (the "Dollar Acc Run-Off Cell"),
- USD Fund Class I Run-Off Cell (the "Dollar I Run-Off Cell"),
- Euro Fund Class X Cell (the "Euro X Cont Cell"),
- Euro Fund Class X Run-Off Cell (the "Euro X Run-Off Cell"),
- Euro Fund Dist Cell (the "Euro Dist Cont Cell"),
- Euro Fund Dist Run-Off Cell (the "Euro Dist Run-Off Cell"),
- Euro Fund Acc Cell (the "Euro Acc Cont Cell"),
- Euro Fund Acc Run-Off Cell (the "Euro Acc Run-Off Cell"),
- Euro Fund Class Y Run-Off Cell (the "Euro Y Run-Off Cell")
- Swedish Krona Fund Class X Cell (the "SEK X Cont Cell")
- Swedish Krona Fund Class X Run-Off Cell (the "SEK X Run-Off Cell")
- Sterling Fund Class X Cell (the "Sterling X Cont Cell"),
- Sterling Fund Class X Run-Off Cell (the "Sterling X Run-Off Cell"),
- Sterling Fund Dist Cell (the "Sterling Dist Cont Cell"),
- Sterling Fund Dist Run-Off Cell (the "Sterling Dist Run-Off Cell"),
- Sterling Fund Acc Cell (the "Sterling Acc Cont Cell"),

#### **Directors' Report (continued)**

#### **Authorisation (continued)**

- Sterling Fund Acc Run-Off Cell (the "Sterling Acc Run-Off Cell"),
- Meteor Senior Life Settlements Sterling Fund (the "Meteor Cont Cell"),
- Meteor Senior Life Settlements Sterling Fund Run-Off (the "Meteor Run-Off Cell"),
- Meteor Senior Life Settlements Sterling Fund II (the "Meteor II Cont Cell"),
- Meteor Senior Life Settlements Sterling Fund II Run-Off (the "Meteor II Run-Off Cell"),
- WAY Life Settlements Fund Cell (the "WAY Cont Cell"), and
- WAY Life Settlements Fund Run-Off Cell (the "WAY Run-Off Cell").

#### **Group structure**

The Group's investments in life policies are held by EEA Life Settlements Inc, a corporation registered in Delaware, USA, which is a wholly owned subsidiary of EEA Life Settlements Master Fund II Limited ("Master Fund II"), a company registered in Guernsey. EEA Life Settlements Master Fund Limited ("Master Fund") and Master Fund II are wholly owned subsidiaries of EEA Life Settlement Holdings Limited, a company registered in Guernsey. The Cells invest in EEA Life Settlement Holdings Limited.

#### Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income on page 10.

There were no dividends declared and paid by the Company during the year (2023: Nil).

#### **Directors and Directors' interests**

The Directors of the Company who served during the year and to date are as stated on page 1.

The Directors have no disclosable interests in the shares of the Company.

Chris Daly is the Managing Director of ViaSource Funding Group LLC, the Investment Adviser.

#### Going concern

The Directors, having considered the Group's objectives and available resources along with its projected cash flows, are satisfied that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for at least 12 months from the date of approval of the consolidated financial statements. The Group has sufficient available cash to meet premium and other obligations for the foreseeable future. The Group therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

### Format of report and audited consolidated financial statements

These consolidated financial statements show the results and state of affairs of the Group as a whole which includes the Cells, Master Fund, Master Fund II, EEA Life Settlement Holdings Limited and EEA Life Settlements Inc as at 31 December 2024. The unaudited financial statements of the individual Cells are available on request from the Administrator or on the Manager's website.

#### Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the consolidated financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations. The directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ('IASB') and in compliance with applicable law.

#### **Directors' Report (continued)**

In preparing these consolidated financial statements the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed subject to any material departures as disclosed in the consolidated financial statements; and
- prepare the consolidated financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Group and to enable them to ensure that the consolidated financial statements comply with The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008 and The Authorised Collective Investment Schemes (Class B) Rules and Guidance 2021. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud, error and noncompliance with law or regulation.

So far as each of the Directors is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Group's auditor is unaware, and each has taken all the steps he/she ought to have taken as a Director to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Group's auditor is aware of that information.

#### **Audit Committee**

An Audit Committee is in place and comprises the non-executive Directors who are independent of the Manager and Investment Adviser, namely Mark Colton and Ashley Northgrave. The Audit Committee meets at least twice a year according to an annual plan and terms of reference (that are regularly reviewed). The main duties of the Committee include monitoring the integrity of the annual audited financial statements of the Company and the Group, reviewing significant financial reporting issues and the judgements which they contain. The Committee also reviews whether the Company has followed appropriate accounting standards and made appropriate estimates and judgements, taking into account the views of the external auditor, and reviews the clarity of disclosures in the Group's financial reports and the context in which statements are made. The Committee considers the auditor's independence, including the extent of any provision of non-audit services, and their remuneration. The Committee also reviews the performance of the Services Provider, the Administrator, and the Company's other service providers to review the effectiveness of their internal controls and risk management systems. Such reviews include discussions with the external auditor without the service providers present.

#### **Auditors**

Grant Thornton Limited has expressed its willingness to remain in office as auditors of the Company. A resolution for their reappointment will be tabled at the next annual general meeting.

**Ashley Northgrave** 

Director

Date: 17 June 2025

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

#### To the Members of EEA Life Settlements Fund PCC Limited

#### Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of EEA Life Settlements Fund PCC Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2024, which comprise the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Participating Shares, the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position, the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows and Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2024, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended;
- · are in accordance with the IFRS Accounting Standards (IFRSs) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"); and
- · comply with the Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Group and the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) (IESBA Code), together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Guernsey, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Responsibilities of Directors for the consolidated financial statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements which give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRS as issued by the IASB, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

#### To the Members of EEA Life Settlements Fund PCC Limited

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's or the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- · Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

# Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 262 of the Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

### **Independent Auditor's Report (continued)**

Grant Thornton Limited

#### To the Members of EEA Life Settlements Fund PCC Limited

# Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- proper accounting records have not been kept by the Company; or
- · the Group's consolidated financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
- we have not obtained all the information and explanations, which to the best of our knowledge and belief, are necessary for the purposes of our audit.

**Grant Thornton Limited** 

Chartered Accountants St Peter Port, Guernsey

18 June 2025

Date:....

### Report of the Custodian

### To the Members of EEA Life Settlements Fund PCC Limited

We state in our opinion, EPIC Investment Partners (Guernsey) Limited (the "Services Provider"), has managed EEA Life Settlements Fund PCC Limited (the "Company"):

- a) in accordance with the limitations imposed on the investment and borrowing powers of the Company by the principal documents, by the scheme particulars and by the Protection of Investors (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 2020; and
- b) in accordance with the provisions of the principal documents and The Authorised Collective Investment Schemes (Class B) Rules and Guidance 2021.

During 2013, we tendered our resignation as Custodian of the Company and this was communicated to shareholders in the Company's Restructuring Proposal. Pursuant to section 4.06 (1) of The Authorised Collective Investment Schemes (Class B) Rules and Guidance 2021, we are obliged to continue in our role as Custodian of the Company until a suitable replacement is appointed.

BNP Paribas S.A., Guernsey Branch

June 17, 2025 | 4:59n@MI7B, 20725 | 5:05 PM BST

Paul Duquemin

Date: June 2025

# Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31 December 2024

,	Notes	2024 US\$000	2023 US\$000
Bank interest income		2,294	2,136
Net losses on investments	3 _	(424)	(69)
Total revenue		1,870	2,067
Net foreign currency gains		3	41
Expenses	4 _	(2,490)	(3,733)
Net loss before tax		(617)	(1,625)
Taxation	6 _	-	
Loss attributable to holders of participating shares		(617)	(1,625)
Other comprehensive (loss)/gain - movement in currency translation reserve	_	(1,597)	1,226
Total comprehensive loss for the year	=	(2,214)	(399)

The above results relate to the continuing operations of the Group.

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Participating Shares for the year ended 31 December 2024

Tor the year ended 31 betermber 2024	Note	2024 US\$000	2023 US\$000
Net assets attributable to holders of participating shares at beginning of the year		105,307	125,194
Amounts payable on redemptions	12	(37,304)	(19,488)
Loss attributable to holders of participating shares		(617)	(1,625)
Other comprehensive (loss)/gain - movement in currency translation reserve		(1,597)	1,226
Net assets attributable to holders of participating shares at end of the year	12	65,789	105,307

The notes on pages 13 to 44 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December 2024

	Notes	2024 US\$000	2023 US\$000
Assets			
Non-current assets Investments at fair value through profit or loss	7	19,123	46,529
Current assets Debtors Cash and cash equivalents	9	10,572 36,428	855 58,460
		47,000	59,315
Total assets		66,123	105,844
Liabilities			
Current liabilities Creditors	10	(334)	(537)
Net assets attributable to holders of management and participating shares		65,789	105,307
Attributable to holders of:			
Management shares Participating shares	11 12	- 65,789	- 105,307

The consolidated financial statements on pages 10 to 44 were approved by the Board of Directors on 17 June 2024 and signed on its behalf by:



# **Ashley Northgrave**

Director

For and on behalf of EEA Life Settlements Fund PCC Limited

The notes on pages 13 to 44 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 December 2024

	Notes	2024 US\$000	2023 US\$000
Operating activities  Loss before taxation		(617)	(1,625)
Adjustment for:		(017)	(1,023)
Bank interest income		(2,294)	(2,136)
Decrease in debtors		30	699
Decrease in creditors		(203)	(244)
Net losses on investments	3 _	424	69
Net cash outflow from operating activities	14	(2,660)	(3,237)
Investing activities		2 204	2.426
Bank interest income	7	2,294 (9,866)	2,136 (5,007)
Payment of premiums Proceeds from maturity of investments	8	(9,800) 27,101	(5,997) 33,513
rioceeus moni maturity or investments	8 _	27,101	33,313
Net cash inflow from investing activities	_	19,529	29,652
Financing activities			
Redemption of participating shares	_	(37,304)	(19,488)
Net cash outflow from financing activities	_	(37,304)	(19,488)
(Decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	=	(20,435)	6,927
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in cash and cash equivalents			
Cash and cash equivalents at start of year		58,460	50,307
(Decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(20,435)	6,927
Foreign exchange (loss)/gain on cash and cash equivalents	_	(1,597)	1,226
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	=	36,428	58,460

The notes on pages 13 to 44 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024

#### 1 Organisation and Material Accounting Policies

#### Introduction

EEA Life Settlements Fund PCC Limited ("Company" or "Fund") was incorporated on 20 June 2005 in Guernsey and is authorised under The Authorised Collective Investment Schemes (Class B) Rules and Guidance 2021. The Company issued its first shares on 10 November 2005 and commenced active operations on that day. The investment objective of the Company is described in Note 15. The Company has no employees.

On 1 January 2014, a Run-Off Cell was created for each active cell and the Euro Y and the Dollar I Cells were closed.

On 1 March 2024, following approval by shareholders, all existing Run-off Cell shares were converted to GBP New Run-off Cell shares and all existing Continuing Cell Shares were converted to GBP New Continuing Shares. The Company now has just two Cells both of which are denominated in GBP.

From 1 March 2024, the Company is divided into two active Cells (collectively the "Cells"):

GBP New Continuing Cell GBP New Run-Off Cell

Prior to 1 March 2024 the Company was divided into twenty eight Cells (collectively the "Cells"):

Dollar X Cont Cell Euro Dist Run-Off Cell Sterling Acc Cont Cell Dollar X Run-Off Cell Sterling Acc Run-Off Cell Euro Acc Cont Cell Dollar Dist Cont Cell Euro Acc Run-Off Cell Meteor Cont Cell Dollar Dist Run-Off Cell Euro Y Run-Off Cell Meteor Run-Off Cell Dollar I Run-Off Cell SEK X Cont Cell Meteor II Cont Cell Dollar Acc Cont Cell SEK X Run-Off Cell Meteor II Run-Off Cell **WAY Cont Cell** Dollar Acc Run-Off Cell Sterling X Cont Cell Euro X Cont Cell Sterling X Run-Off Cell WAY Run-Off Cell Furo X Run-Off Cell Sterling Dist Cont Cell Euro Dist Cont Cell Sterling Dist Run-Off Cell

#### Group structure

The Group's investments in life policies are held by EEA Life Settlements Inc, a corporation registered in Delaware, USA, which is a wholly owned subsidiary of EEA Life Settlements Master Fund II Limited ("Master Fund II"), a company registered in Guernsey. EEA Life Settlements Master Fund Limited ("Master Fund") and Master Fund II are wholly owned subsidiaries of EEA Life Settlement Holdings Limited, a company registered in Guernsey. The Cells invest in EEA Life Settlement Holdings Limited.

#### Going concern

The Directors, having considered the Group's objectives and available resources along with its projected cash flows, are satisfied that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements. The Group has sufficient available cash to meet premium and other obligations for the foreseeable future, irrespective of the suspension of redemptions. The Group therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024

#### 1 Organisation and Material Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Basis of accounting

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). IFRS as issued by the IASB requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making judgements about the carrying values of assets that are not apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Relevant judgements and estimates are discussed in the later note subtitled "Significant management judgement in applying accounting policies and estimation uncertainty".

The consolidated financial statements are presented in United States Dollars (US\$) and are rounded to the nearest US\$000 unless otherwise indicated.

#### Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for the measurement of investments which are designated at fair value through profit or loss. The consolidated financial statements are presented in US Dollars which is the presentational currency of the Group. The functional currency is the is the currency of the primary economic environment ). The Group's assets are denominated in US Dollars and the Directors consider that US Dollars is also the functional currency of the Fund.

#### Accounting Standards and interpretations adopted during the year

The Directors consider that the adoption of these amended standards has had no material impact on the Financial Statements of the Group.

- IAS 1 (amended), 'Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and Non-current Liabilities with Covenants' (amendments regarding the classification of debt with covenants, effective for periods commencing on or after 1 January 2024);
- IFRS S1, 'General Requirements for Disclosure of Sustainability-related Financial Information' (effective for accounting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2024);
- IFRS S2, 'Climate-related Disclosures' (effective for accounting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2024);
- IAS 7 (amended), 'Statement of Cash Flows' (amendments regarding supplier finance arrangements, effective for periods commencing on or after 1 January 2024); and
- IAS 8 (amended), 'Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements" (superceded by IAS 8 (2024) Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements when an entity applies IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements (effective for accounting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2023).

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024

#### 1 Organisation and Material Accounting Policies (continued)

#### New Accounting Standards and interpretations applicable to future reporting periods

At the date of approval of these financial statements, the following standards and interpretations, which have not been applied in these financial statements, were in issue but not yet effective:

- IAS 7 (amended), 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures' (published in May 2024 and relate to the classification and measurement of financial instruments, effective for accounting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2026);
- IAS 9 (amended), 'Financial Instruments' (published in May 2024 and relate to the classification and measurement of financial instruments, effective for accounting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2026):
- IFRS 18, 'Presentation and Disclosures in Financial Statements' (sets out requirements for the presentation and disclosure of information in financial statements to help ensure they provide relevant information that faithfully represents an entity's assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses. Effective for accounting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2027); and
- IAS 8 (amended), 'Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements" (amendments regarding the concept of fair presentation, whether an entity is a going concern, the accrual basis of accounting and disclosure of an entity's selection and application of accounting policies. Change to the title from 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors' to' Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements (effective for annual periods commencing on or after 1 January 2027).

The Directors are in the process of assessing the impact that these amended standards will have on future periods and the impact of their adoption in relation to the financial statements of the Group.

#### **Basis of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries, the Master Fund, Master Fund II, EEA Life Settlements Holdings Limited and EEA Life Settlements Inc. The parent company controls a subsidiary if it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the subsidiary and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over its subsidiary. All subsidiaries have a reporting date of 31 December. The consolidated financial statements of the Group represent the aggregation of the results and financial position of each of the individual Cells and subsidiaries adjusted for the elimination of intra-group transactions and balances. The aggregated financial position of the Company also includes the non-cellular assets and share capital of \$100.

## Functional and presentation currency

The consolidated financial statements are presented in US Dollars, which is also the functional currency of the parent company.

### Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency of the respective Group entity, using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions (spot exchange rate). Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the remeasurement of monetary items denominated in foreign currency at period-end exchange rates are recognised in profit or

Non-monetary items are not retranslated at the period-end. They are measured at historical cost (translated using the exchange rates at the transaction date), except for non-monetary items measured at fair value which are translated using the exchange rates at the date when fair value was determined.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024

#### 1 Organisation and Material Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Foreign operations**

In the Group's financial statements, all assets, liabilities and transactions of Group entities with a functional currency other than the US Dollars are translated into US Dollars upon consolidation. The functional currencies of entities within the Group have remained unchanged during the reporting period.

On consolidation, assets and liabilities have been translated into US Dollars at the closing rate at the reporting date. Income and expenses have been translated into US Dollars at the average rate over the reporting period. Exchange differences are charged or credited to other comprehensive income and recognised in the currency translation reserve in equity. On disposal of a foreign operation, the related cumulative translation differences recognised in equity are reclassified to profit or loss and are recognised as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

#### Income recognition

Bank interest and other income is accounted for on an accruals basis.

#### **Expenditure**

Expenses are accounted for on an accruals basis.

#### Financial instruments

#### a. Recognition and derecognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards are transferred.

A financial liability is derecognised when it is extinguished, discharged, cancelled or expires.

#### b. Classification and initial measurement of financial assets

All financial assets are initially measured at fair value adjusted for transaction costs (where applicable).

Financial assets, other than those designated and effective as hedging instruments, are classified into one of the following categories:

- amortised cost
- fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), or
- fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

In the periods presented the Group does not have any financial assets categorised as FVOCI.

The classification is determined by both:

- the entity's business model for managing the financial asset, and
- the contractual cash flow charecteristics of the financial asset.

All revenue and expenses relating to financial assets that are recognised in profit or loss are presented within finance costs, finance income or other financial items, except for impairment of trade receivables which is presented within other expenses.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024

#### 1 Organisation and Material Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Financial instruments (continued)

#### (i) Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets held within a different business model other than 'hold to collect' or 'hold to collect and sell' are categorised at FVTPL. Further, irrespective of the business model used, financial assets whose contractual cash flows are not solely payments of principal and interest are accounted for at FVTPL.

The category also contains an equity investment. The Group accounts for the investment at FVTPL and did not make the irrevocable election to account for the investment and listed equity securities at FVOCI. The fair value was determined in line with the requirements of IFRS 13 'Fair Value Measurement'.

Assets in this category are measured at fair value with gains or losses recognised in profit or loss.

The fair values of financial assets in this category are determined by reference to active market transactions or using a valuation technique where no active market exists.

Investments in life policies are classified as "fair value through profit or loss". These financial assets are designated as such on the basis that they are part of a group of financial assets which are managed and have their performance evaluated on a fair value basis. Investments are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration given excluding transaction costs. The valuation basis of investments in life policies is described in note 15.

#### (ii) Financial assets measured at amortised cost

Financial assets are measured at amortised cost if the assets meet the following conditions (and are not designated as FVTPL):

- they are held within a business model whose objective is to hold the financial assets and collect its contractual cash flows, and
- the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

#### Financial liabilities

#### (i) Classification and measurement of financial liabilities

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and other payables.

Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value, and, where applicable, adjusted for transaction costs unless the Group designated a financial liability at FVTPL.

Subsequently, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method except for derivatives and financial liabilities designated at FVTPL, which are carried subsequently at fair value with gains or losses recognised in profit or loss.

All interest-related charges and, if applicable, changes in an instrument's fair value that are reported in profit or loss are included within finance costs or finance income.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024

#### 1 Organisation and Material Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Financial instruments (continued)

#### c. Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the company or the counterparty.

#### **Income Taxes**

Tax income/expense recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income comprises the sum of deferred tax and current tax not recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in net assets attributable to holders of management and participating shares.

Current income tax assets and/or liabilities comprise those obligations to, or claims from, fiscal authorities relating to the current or prior reporting periods, that are unpaid at the reporting date. Current tax is payable on taxable profit, which differs from profit or loss in the financial statements. Calculation of current tax is based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

#### **Participating shares**

A financial instrument that provides for redemption on a specific date or at the option of the holder meets the definition of a financial liability if the issuer has an obligation to transfer financial assets to the holder of the share. Accordingly the participating shares of the continuing Cells have been classified as financial liabilities in accordance with IAS 32. The participating shares of the run-off Cells may only be redeemed at the absolute discretion of the Directors and are accordingly classified as equity.

### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in bank.

# Significant management judgement in applying accounting policies and estimation uncertainty A) Significant management judgements

When preparing the consolidated financial statements, management makes a number of judgements, estimates and assumptions about the recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses.

The following are the judgements made by management in applying the material accounting policies of the Group that have the most material effect on these consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024

#### 1 Organisation and Material Accounting Policies (continued)

### A) Significant management judgements (continued) Recognition of deferred tax assets

The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognised is based on an assessment of the probability that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax loss carry-forwards can be utilised. In addition, significant judgement is required in assessing the impact of any legal or economic limits or uncertainties in various tax jurisdictions (see Note 6).

#### B) Estimation uncertainty

#### Fair value measurement

Management have appointed Maple Life Analytics LLC as Independent Valuation Agent. The Independent Valuation Agent uses various valuation techniques to determine the fair value of financial instruments (where active market quotes are not available) and non-financial assets. This involves developing estimates and assumptions consistent with how market participants would price the instrument. The Independent Valuation Agent bases its assumptions on observable data as far as possible but this is not always available. In that case, the Independent Valuation Agent uses the best information available. Estimated fair values may vary from the actual prices that would be achieved in an arm's length transaction at the reporting date (see Note 15).

#### **Contingent liabilities**

Provisions for legal disputes or other claims are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required from the Group and amounts can be estimated reliably. The timing or amount of the outflow may still be uncertain. No liability is recognised if an outflow of economic resources as a result of present obligations is not probable. Such situations are disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the outflow of resources is remote.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024

#### 2 Material Agreements

#### a) Management fee

Up to 31 December 2023, the Manager was entitled to receive a fee from the Cells at the rate of 1.5% per annum (other than for the Way Cells - 1.95% and Dollar I Cell - 1%) of the Net Asset Value of the Cells, calculated in line with the method set out in the Scheme Particulars. The fee was calculated at the end of each month and was payable monthly in arrears.

From 1 January 2024 the Service Provider is entitled to receive a fee of USD1,750 per active policy per month, payable monthly in arrears.

#### b) Custodian fee

Up 29 February 2024, the Custodian was entitled to receive a fee at the rate of £14,000 per annum per Cell, payable quarterly in arrears. With effect from 1 March 2024, the Custodian is entitled to receive a fee at the rate of £25,000 per annum per Cell, payable quarterly in arrears.

The aggregate fee payable to the Custodian is charged to the Cells on a pro-rata basis relative to each Cell's Net Asset Value. In addition, the Custodian is entitled to be reimbursed for any out of pocket expenses together with any sub-custodian fees.

#### c) Administration fee

For acting as administrator of the Fund, Apex Fund and Corporate Services (Guernsey) Limited (formerly Apex Fund Administration (Guernsey) Limited) receives a fee from the Group (2023: from the Manager) consisting of an ad valorem fee at the rate of 0.1% per annum of net assets up to and including US\$250 million; plus 0.075% per annum of net assets in excess of US\$250 million, subject to an overall minimum fee of £280,000 per annum. In addition there is an administration fee of £4,000 per annum per company in respect of any Affiliate of the Fund to which Apex provides administration services.

#### d) Registration fee

For acting as registrar, Apex Fund and Corporate Services (Guernsey) Limited (formerly Apex Fund Administration (Guernsey) Limited) receives a fee from the Group of US\$100,000 per annum along with a stock transfer fee, as follows.

The registrar is entitled to charge the Fund fees for processing stock transfer forms of US\$920 per transfer of high risk stock, US\$615 per transfer of complex stock and US\$125 per transfer of simple stock. Such fees shall be capped at a maximum of US\$75,000 per annum.

#### e) Sub-Custodian fee

The Sub-Custodian is entitled to charge EEA Life Settlements Inc a fixed annual fee of US\$75,000 payable monthly in arrears, and to the reimbursement of all out-of-pocket expenses.

#### f) Servicing Agent fee

The Servicing Agent is entitled to charge a one time review fee of US\$570 (2023: US\$570) per policy. In addition, there is an annual standing charge of US\$5,000, payable quarterly in advance, subject to a minimum of US\$2,000 per month.

#### g) Investment Advisory fee

With effect from 1 January 2022 the Investment Advisor is entitled to a fixed fee of \$1,000 per active policy per month.

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024

3	Net loss on investments	2024 US\$000	2023 US\$000
	Proceeds from maturity of investments Costs of investments matured	36,848 (50,358)	8,289 (653)
	Realised (loss)/income from maturity of investments	(13,510)	7,636
	Movement in unrealised gains/(losses) on on revaluation of investments	13,086	(7,705)
	Net losses on investments during the year	(424)	(69)

Realised gains and losses on maturities and sales of investments are calculated by reference to the historic cost of those investments.

Accumulated unrealised gains or losses on maturities and sales are reversed through "movement in unrealised losses on revaluation of investments".

#### 4 Expenses

	2024 US\$000	2023 US\$000
Management fee (note 2a)	604	1,483
Administration fee (note 2c)	372	-
Registration fee (note 2d)	125	119
Investment advisory fee (note 2g)	348	407
Independent valuation agent fee	105	180
General expenses	177	161
Sub-custodian fee (note 2e)	75	75
Audit fee	107	173
Premium payment agent fee	66	67
Custodian fee (note 2b)	138	486
Legal fees	170	147
Professional fees	34	271
Directors' remuneration	145	140
Servicing agent fee (note 2f)	24	24
	2,490	3,733

<sup>&</sup>quot;General expenses" includes bank charges, D&O insurance premiums, printing costs, the cost of obtaining updated LEs, and other sundry expenses.

#### 5 Dividends

No dividends were declared and paid during the year ended 31 December 2024 or 2023.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024

#### 6 Taxation

The Company has obtained exemption from Guernsey Income Tax under The Income Tax (Exempt Bodies) (Guernsey) Ordinance, 1989 and accordingly is subject to an annual fee of £1,600 (2023: £1,200)..

EEA Life Settlements Inc. is subject to US taxation at 21% on the profits arising in that company.

	2024	2023
	US\$000	US\$000
Net (loss)/profit before taxation	(617)	(1,625)
Loss/(income) exempt from tax	518	(14,484)
Net (loss)/profit subject to tax	(99)	(16,109)
Tax rate (exempt in Guernsey)	<u> </u>	
	-	-
Adjust for tax rate difference in US of 21%	(21)	(3,383)
Tax effect of:		
Non-taxable unrealised gain/(non-deductible realised loss)	(3,248)	1,596
Deductible interest	(6,300)	(1,143)
Taxable operating losses to carry forward	9,569	2,930
Tax expense	-	-
Tax expense comprises:		
- Current tax expense	-	-
- Deferred tax expense		
Tax expense		
	-	-

EEA Life Settlements Inc.'s net operating losses (NOL's) generated through 31 December 2017 are subject to 20 year carry forward and 2 years carry back period. Any NOLs generated post 31 December 2017 are subject to indefinite carry forward period but with 80% annual limitation. As of 31 December 2023, the net operating losses are US\$326,329,000 and as of 31 December 2023, US\$280,761,000.

Deferred taxes arise from unrealised gains and losses on life policies, unrelieved allowable expenses and net operating loss carryforward. As at 31 December 2024, the Group calculated a deferred tax asset of US\$68,529,000 and as at 31 December 2023, US\$58,960,000, which has not been recognised as it is not probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deferred tax asset can be utilised to their full extent.

### Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024

7	Investments at fair value through profit or loss	2024 US\$000	2023 US\$000
	Fair value at beginning of year	46,529	48,890
	Additions (premiums)	9,866	5,997
	Proceeds from current year maturity of investments	(36,848)	(8,289)
	Realised (loss)/gain from maturity of investments Movement in unrealised (loss)/income on revaluation	(13,510)	7,636
	of investments	13,086	(7,705)
	Fair value at end of year	19,123	46,529

Fair value measurements for the Group are based on Level 3 inputs of the three-level hierarchy system which indicates significant inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). The valuation basis for the investments in life insurance policies is explained in Note 15. There were no transfers into or out of level 3 classification during the year or prior year.

The valuation is carried out by the Independent Valuation Agent with detailed consultation with and review by the Directors.

In December 2023, the Group has received USD 10.2 million from the successful class action settlement of the Brach Family Foundation, Inc. et al v. AXA Equitable Life Insurance Co. No 16 Civ 740 (JMF) (SDNY). These settlement proceeds were included in realised income where they relate to matured policies; and in unrealised income where the settlement proceeds related to current policies.

8	Proceeds from maturity of investments received in year	2024 US\$000	2023 US\$000
	Proceeds relating to current year maturities	36,744	650
	Proceeds received relating to prior year maturities (note 9)	650	25,874
	Proceeds outstanding at year end (note 9)	(10,397)	(650)
	Additional proceeds received in the year relating to		
	prior year maturities	104	7,639
		27,101	33,513
9	Debtors	2024	2023
		US\$000	US\$000
	Investment maturity proceeds receivable	10,397	650
	Prepayments	87	87
	Bank interest receivable	88	118
		10,572	855

### Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024

10	Creditors	2024 US\$000	2023 US\$000
	Management fee	37	113
	Audit fee	131	166
	Administration and registration fees	41	7
	Other expenses	49	58
	Investment advisory fee	21	33
	Custodian fee	21	124
	Directors' remuneration	34	36
		334	537

### 11 Management Shares, Participating Shares and Share Premium

The authorised shares of the Company are as follows:

	2024 US\$	2023 US\$
Authorised		
100 Management Shares of €1.00 each	122	122
Unlimited number of participating shares of no par value	-	-
	122	122

When the Company was established, the Management Shares were created in order to comply with the then applicable Guernsey Law under which the Participating Shares in issue must be issued with preference over an alternative class of capital. The Management Shares in issue must be issued to the Manager and its representatives.

The Management Shares are not redeemable and do not carry any right to vote (except in relation to a resolution to voluntarily wind up the Company or unless there are no Participating Shares in issue in which case each Management Share carries one vote) or to dividends. Assets not attributable to any particular Cell will constitute the non-cellular assets of the Company for the purposes of the Law. In a winding-up the surplus of any such assets shall be distributed among the holders of Management Shares pro rata to their respective holdings up to the nominal value paid up in the Management Shares.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024

#### 11 Management shares, Participating Shares and Share Premium (continued)

Participating Shares may normally be issued and redeemed at prices based on the value of the Company's net assets in accordance with the Company's Articles of Incorporation and Scheme Particulars. Participating Shares carry the right to vote at general meetings of the Company and to receive dividends. Holders of Participating Shares are entitled to their pro rata share of the Company's surplus assets after the return of paid up capital on the Management Shares.

On 1 January 2014, a restructuring of the Fund was implemented whereby Continuing Cells and Run-Off Cells were created. For the avoidance of doubt, the whole of the share capital and share premium account is distributable subject to meeting the solvency test criteria and any restrictions in the Company's Articles of Incorporation.

On 1 March 2024, following approval by shareholders, all existing Run-off Cell shares were converted to GBP New Run-off Cell shares and all existing Continuing Cell Shares were converted to GBP New Continuing Shares. The Company now has just two Cells both of which are denominated in GBP.

The Continuing Cells are closed to subscriptions. Participating Shares are redeemable at the option of the holder and in accordance with the Fund's Information Memorandum, the relevant supplement(s) and the Fund's Articles of Incorporation on a quarterly basis.

The Run-Off Cells are closed to subscriptions. Participating Shares in the Run-Off Cells may not be redeemed at the option of the shareholder.

### Issued share capital

Management shares	No of shares
Balance at 31 December 2024 and 2023	100

The issues and redemptions for the year ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 are set out in the following pages.

Balance as at 31 December 2024

# EEA Life Settlements Fund PCC Limited Annual Report and Audited Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2024

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024  $\,$ 

# 11 Management shares, Participating Shares and Share Premium (continued)

Issued share capital Participating Shares	Number of Shares			
	Dollar X	Dollar X	Dollar Dist	Dollar Dist
	Cont Cell	Run-Off Cell	Cont Cell	Run-Off Cell
Balance as at 31 December 2022 Redeemed during the year	42,861	57,805	5,386	8,591
	(9,034)	(8,049)	(1,133)	(1,192)
Balance as at 31 December 2023	33,827	49,756	4,253	7,399
Balance as at 31 December 2023 Redeemed during the year	33,827	49,756	4,253	7,399
	(33,827)	(49,756)	(4,253)	(7,399)
Balance as at 31 December 2024	-	-	-	
		Dollar I Run-Off Cell	Dollar Acc Cont Cell	Dollar Acc Run-Off Cell
Balance as at 31 December 2022		27,555	4,961	3,779
Redeemed during the year		(3,908)	(1,044)	(522)
Balance as at 31 December 2023		23,647	3,917	3,257
Balance as at 31 December 2023		23,647	3,917	3,257
Redeemed during the year		(23,647)	(3,917)	(3,257)

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024  $\,$ 

# 11 Management shares, Participating Shares and Share Premium (continued)

	Euro X Cont Cell	Euro X Run-Off Cell	Euro Dist Cont Cell	Euro Dist Run-Off Cell
Balance as at 31 December 2022	32,857	26,016	2,216	5,029
Redeemed during the year	(7,015)	(3,612)	(472)	(695)
Balance as at 31 December 2023	25,842	22,404	1,744	4,334
Balance as at 31 December 2023	25,842	22,404	1,744	4,334
Redeemed during the year	(25,842)	(22,404)	(1,744)	(4,334)
Balance as at 31 December 2024	-	-	-	-
		Euro Acc Cont Cell	Euro Acc Run-Off Cell	Euro Y Run-Off Cell
Balance as at 31 December 2022		2,735	859	3,184
Redeemed during the year		(583)	(116)	(439)
Balance as at 31 December 2023		2,152	743	2,745
Balance as at 31 December 2023		2,152	743	2,745
Redeemed during the year		(2,152)	(743)	(2,745)
Balance as at 31 December 2024				_
	SEK X Cont Cell	SEK X Run-Off Cell	Sterling X Cont Cell	Sterling X Run-Off Cell
Balance as at 31 December 2022	72,479	48,323	93,111	105,320
Redeemed during the year	(13,698)	(6,514)	(16,882)	(14,431)
Balance as at 31 December 2023	58,781	41,809	76,229	90,889
Balance as at 31 December 2023	58,781	41,809	76,229	90,889
Redeemed during the year	(58,781)	(41,809)	(76,229)	(90,889)
Balance as at 31 December 2024	-	-	-	-

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024

# 11 Management shares, Participating Shares and Share Premium (continued)

	Sterling Dist Cont Cell	Sterling Dist Run-Off Cell	Sterling Acc Cont Cell	Sterling Acc Run-Off Cell
Balance as at 31 December 2022	22,513	46,128	96,649	214,350
Redeemed during the year	(618)	(6,318)	(21,907)	(29,371)
Balance as at 31 December 2023	21,895	39,810	74,742	184,979
Balance as at 31 December 2023	21,895	39,810	74,742	184,979
Redeemed during the year	(21,895)	(39,810)	(74,742)	(184,979)
Balance as at 31 December 2024	_			-
	Meteor Cont Cell	Meteor Run-Off Cell	Meteor II Cont Cell	Meteor II Run-Off Cell
Balance as at 31 December 2022	13,822	32,772	12,775	17,826
Redeemed during the year	(2,439)	(4,489)	(2,690)	(2,441)
Balance as at 31 December 2023	11,383	28,283	10,085	15,385
Balance as at 31 December 2023	11,383	28,283	10,085	15,385
Redeemed during the year	(11,383)	(28,283)	(10,085)	(15,385)
Balance as at 31 December 2024		-	-	-
	WAY Cont Cell	WAY Run-Off Cell	GBP New	GBP New Run-Off Cell
			Continuing Cell	
Balance as at 31 December 2022 Redeemed during the year	3,466	8,296 (1,115)	-	-
Redeemed during the year	-	(1,113)		
Balance as at 31 December 2023	3,466	7,181	-	-
Balance as at 31 December 2023	3,466	7,181	-	-
Issued during the year Redeemed during the year	- (3,466)	- (7,181)	29,392,813 (5,465,370)	51,772,709 (25,792,143)
Balance as at 31 December 2024	- (3, 100)	-	23,927,443	25,980,566

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024

# 12 Net assets attributable to holders of participating shares

	Share premium and capital US\$000	Net losses from operating activities US\$000	Currency translation reserve US\$000
Balance at 31 December 2023 Redemptions of participating shares Net losses from operating activities Movement in currency translation reserve	308,959 (37,304) -	(194,641) - (617)	(9,011) - - (1,597)
Net assets attributable to holders of participating shares at 31 December 2024	271,655	(195,258)	(10,608)
		2024 US\$000	2023 US\$000
Share premium and capital Net losses from operating activities Currency translation reserve		271,655 (195,258) (10,608)	308,959 (194,641) (9,011)
Net assets attributable to holders of participating shares	_	65,789	105,307

# 13 Loss per share

Basic and diluted loss per share have been calculated by dividing the net loss for the year attributable to participating shareholders by the weighted average number of participating shares in issue during the year.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024

	Dollar X			
	Cont Co 2024 US\$000	ell 2023 US\$000	Run-Off Cell 2024 US\$000	2023 US\$000
Net loss attributable to shareholders	(118)	(80)	(122)	(65)
Weighted average number of shares in issue	5,561	33,876	8,179	49,955
Basic and diluted loss per participating share	\$(21.21)	\$(2.36)	\$(14.96)	\$(1.30)
		Dolla	Dist	
	Cont Co	ell	Run-Off Cell	
	2024 US\$000	2023 US\$000	2024 US\$000	2023 US\$000
Net loss attributable to shareholders	(9)	(7)	(11)	(7)
Weighted average number of shares in issue	699	4,258	1,216	7,428
Basic and diluted loss per participating share	\$(13.40)	\$(1.64)	\$(9.51)	\$(0.94)
			Dollar I Run-Off Cell 2024 US\$000	2023 US\$000
Net loss attributable to shareholders			(49)	(16)
Weighted average number of shares in issue			3,887	23,743
Basic and diluted loss per participating share			\$(12.43)	\$(0.67)

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024

	Dollar Acc			
	Cont C 2024 US\$000	2023 US\$000	Run-Off Cell 2024 US\$000	2023 US\$000
Net loss attributable to shareholders	(10)	(8)	(6)	(4)
Weighted average number of shares in issue	644	3,922	535	3,269
Basic and diluted loss per participating share	\$(15.96)	\$(2.04)	\$(11.29)	\$(1.22)
		E	uro X	
	Cont C	Cell	Run-Off Cell	
	2024 €000	2023 €000	2024 €000	2023 €000
Net loss attributable to shareholders	(32)	(177)	(18)	(113)
Weighted average number of shares in issue	4,248	25,880	3,683	22,493
Basic and diluted loss per participating share	€(7.64)	€(6.84)	€(4.84)	€(5.02)
		Eu	ro Dist	
	Cont C	Cell	Run-Off Cell	
	2024 €000	2023 €000	2024 €000	2023 €000
Net loss attributable to shareholders	(1)	(9)	(3)	(14)
Weighted average number of shares in issue	287	1,747	712	4,351
Basic and diluted loss per participating share	€(5.11)	€(5.15)	€(3.34)	€(3.22)

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024 $\,$

,	Loss per share (continued)		Euro	o Acc	
		Cont Ce		Run-Off Cell	
		2024	2023	2024	2023
		€000	€000	€000	€000
	Net loss attributable to				
	shareholders	(2)	(10)	(2)	(2)
	Weighted average number of shares				
	in issue	354	2,156	122	746
	Basic and diluted loss per				
	participating share	€(5.29)	€(4.64)	€(12.34)	€(2.68)
				Euro Y	
				Run-Off Cell	
				2024	2023
				€000	€000
	Net loss attributable to				
	shareholders			(1)	(10)
	Weighted average number of shares			454	2 756
	in issue			451	2,756
	Basic and diluted loss per			(/2.25)	c(2, c2)
	participating share			€(3.25)	€(3.63)
				K X	
		Cont Ce		Run-Off Cell	
		2024 SEK000	2023 SEK000	2024 SEK000	2023 SEK000
	Net loss attributable to	(45)	(252)	(4)	(207)
	shareholders	(15)	(353)	(4)	(207)
	Weighted average number of shares	0.550	50.056	6.070	44.050
	in issue	9,663	58,856	6,873	41,969
	Basic and diluted loss per	CEW/4 50\	SEW/S 22\	SEW0 75)	CEW/4 00'
	participating share	SEK(1.52)	SEK(6.00)	SEK(0.76)	SEK(4.93)

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024  $\,$ 

Loss per share (continued)	Sterling X				
	Cont Co 2024 £000	2023 £000	Run-Off Cell 2024 £000	2023 £000	
Net loss attributable to shareholders	(201)	(667)	(167)	(596)	
Weighted average number of shares in issue	12,531	76,322	14,941	91,245	
Basic and diluted loss per participating share	£(15.99)	£(8.74)	£(11.15)	£(6.53)	
		Sterlin	=		
	Cont Co 2024	ell 2023	Run-Off Cell 2024	2023	
	£000	£000	£000	£000	
Net loss attributable to shareholders	(44)	(110)	(55)	(197)	
Weighted average number of shares in issue	3,599	21,898	6,544	39,966	
Basic and diluted loss per participating share	£(11.98)	£(5.02)	£(8.37)	£(4.93)	
		Sterlin	_		
	Cont Co 2024	ell 2023	Run-Off Cell 2024	2023	
	£000	£000	£000	£000	
Net loss attributable to shareholders	(222)	(801)	(382)	(1,365)	
Weighted average number of shares in issue	12,287	74,863	30,407	185,703	
Basic and diluted loss per participating share	£(17.97)	£(10.70)	£(12.57)	£(7.35)	

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024 $\,$

• • •		Me	eteor	
	Cont Co	ell	Run-Off (	Cell
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Net loss attributable to				
shareholders	(31)	(102)	(54)	(192)
Weighted average number of shares				
in issue	1,871	11,397	4,649	28,393
	,-	,	,	7,
Basic and diluted loss per				
participating share	£(16.53)	£(8.95)	£(11.56)	£(6.76)
participating snare	2(10.55)	2(0.55)	2(22.55)	2(0.70)
		Met	teor II	
	Cont Ce		Run-Off (	`ell
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Net loss attributable to	1000	FOOO	1000	1000
shareholders	(25)	(96)	(26)	(OE)
Shareholders	(25)	(86)	(26)	(95)
Waishkad account a comban of shares				
Weighted average number of shares	4.650	10.100	2 522	45.445
in issue	1,658	10,100	2,529	15,445
Basic and diluted loss per				
participating share	£(14.77)	£(8.51)	£(10.36)	£(6.15)
			/AY	
	Cont Co		Run-Off (	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Net loss attributable to				
shareholders	(7)	(21)	(12)	(45)
Weighted average number of shares				
in issue	570	3,466	1,180	7,208
Basic and diluted loss per				
participating share	£(13.23)	£(6.06)	£(9.85)	£(6.24)
	New Cont	Cell	New Run-O	ff Cell
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Net (loss)/income attributable to				
shareholders	458	_	884	-
Weighted average number of shares				
in issue	23,198,518	-	36,831,757	-
-	-,,		,,	
Basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per				
participating share	£0.02	_	£0.02	_
Par sicipating situic	10.02		10.02	

## Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024

14	Net cash outflow from operating activities	2024 US\$000	2023 US\$000
	Reconciliation of net loss before investment result		
	to net cash outflow from operating activities		
	Income	2,294	2,136
	Expenses	(2,490)	(3,733)
	Net foreign currency gains	3	41
	Net loss before investment result	(193)	(1,556)
	Adjustment for non cash items:		
	Decrease in debtors	30	699
	Decrease in creditors	(203)	(244)
	Net cash outflow from operating activities	(366)	(1,101)

#### 15 Risk Profile

The Group's investment objective is to invest in outstanding life insurance policies issued primarily in the United States and, in respect of the Continuing Cells, to invest in other instruments which provide exposure to life insurance policies with similar characteristics to those currently held by the Group. The Group seeks to achieve medium to long term capital growth.

The Group's material financial instruments comprise:

- life insurance policies held in accordance with the Group's investment objectives as set out above, and
- cash, debtors and creditors that arise directly from the Group's operations, and
- participating shares.

#### Fair value estimation

The Group measures its investments in life policies at fair value at each reporting date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

For financial instruments not traded in an active market, the fair value is determined using valuation techniques deemed by the Directors to be appropriate in the circumstances. The Group has appointed an Independent Valuation Agent who uses a variety of methods and assumptions that are based on the market conditions existing at the reporting date.

# Investments in life policies

The Directors consider that there is sufficient market data available to use market based discount rates in the valuation process. The Board has appointed Maple Life Analytics LLC, as an Independent Valuation Agent, to the Fund to value the Group's investments in life policies on this basis.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024

#### 15 Risk Profile (continued)

Life insurance policies are valued on the basis of their estimated present value, taking into account anticipated future death benefits less anticipated future premiums. Each set of cash flows is discounted using the latest life expectancy estimates and a market discount rate which in part reflects the annual return the market expects when buying policies and also the confidence the market has in the accuracy of the life expectancy estimates provided by the life expectancy provider. As a result, the market discount rate may vary depending on the life expectancy provider. The average discount rate used in respect of the valuation is approximately 20.74% (2023: 17.16%).

The estimated remaining life of each life policy is currently calculated by the Independent Valuation Agent by:

- 1. calculating a degree of mortality impairment needed to match the life expectancy estimate at the date provided, then
- 2. reducing the degree of impairment for especially high multiplies for conservatism, and then
- 3. applying this level of mortality impairment to the insured's current age.

This process is intended to recognise ageing of the insured, while assuming that the insured's relative degree of impairment is unchanged. This aims to simulate the most likely effects of continuous re-underwriting of the entire portfolio every month.

Realised gains and losses on the disposal or maturity of investments are calculated by reference to the net proceeds received on disposal or maturity and the actual cost, which comprises initial consideration and premiums, attributable to those investments. Profits and losses on investments are included in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

The investment policy is to invest in a diversified portfolio of insurance policies. When choosing and pricing policies the Investment Adviser took into account the life expectancy, the health and the age of the insured, the amount of the premiums needed to keep the policy in force, the rating of the issuing insurance group and the amount of the death benefit. The Manager appointed the Investment Adviser to source and procure the life policies and provide tracking services. Tracking involves appointing medical professionals to contact the care providers of the insureds to determine their current health status and reporting to the Investment Adviser on a quarterly basis.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024

#### 15 Risk Profile (continued)

The main investment restrictions were:

- not to purchase a policy which is issued by an insurance company rated less than 'B' by one of the major rating agencies
- not to purchase a policy which has not yet passed the suicide and contestability period
- not to purchase policies held by insureds diagnosed with the same illness the aggregate face value of which is more than 20 per cent of the total face value of policies held
- not to purchase policies from a single insurance company to an aggregate face value of more than 20 per cent of the total face value of all policies held
- not to purchase policies from an insured whose life expectancy is more than 96 months from the date of purchase
- not to purchase a policy the face value of which represents more than 3.5% of the total value of all policies held
- not to purchase policies from a non United States resident
- not to purchase any policies where the insured has been diagnosed as having AIDS or being HIV positive
- not to purchase a term life policy, the remaining term at the time of the purchase of which is less than 10 years if the life expectancy of the insured is 4 years, or 9 years if the life expectancy of the insured is 3 years or less
- invest in foreign exchange forward contracts, futures contracts and options for the purpose of hedging of the investments only
- not to borrow more than 10% of its net assets for any purpose
- not to invest more than 10% of its net asset value in other collective investment schemes, save in respect of Other Instruments as defined in the Information Memorandum.

# Financial risk management and policies

The Scheme Particulars set out a comprehensive set of risk factors associated with the Group's investments, but the main risks arising from the Group's investment in a diversified portfolio of life insurance policies are longevity risk (i.e. the risk that insured lives live longer than expected), market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Board regularly reviews and agrees policies for managing these risks and these are summarised below.

#### Longevity risk

Longevity risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because estimates of the remaining life of the insured lives are incorrect. This risk can be separated into systematic lives risk and specific lives risk as follows:

- 1. Systematic lives risk the population as a whole starts to live longer (or the population of lives whose life insurance policies have been traded in the market start to live longer).
- 2. Specific lives risk the specific lives purchased by the Group live longer than expected. This may be due to particularly poor experience for the types of lives purchased by the Group or that certain types of lives respond particularly well to treatment.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024

#### 15 Risk Profile (continued)

Assumptions are made about the remaining life expectancy of each life based on the methodology described on page 36. There is a risk that the actual experience may unfold in a different way from the assumptions or that new evidence emerges requiring a significant change to the assumptions. There is a rolling programme of life expectancy reviews conducted by third party providers. The results of these reviews are communicated to the Board by the Investment Adviser and where appropriate reflected in the valuations. If the assumptions were changed the valuation of these investments could significantly differ from that shown in the financial statements. As at 31 December 2024, all life expectancy estimates have been made within two years. In previous years, a sizeable minority of policies had life expectancy estimates, for valuation purposes, which were more than two years old. These have since been updated.

As at 31 December 2024, EEA Life Settlements Inc held 20 life settlement assets valued at US\$19 million (2023: 31 policies valued at US\$47 million).

Within the consolidated financial statements, the longevity risk is captured within a relatively high discount rate compared to vanilla financial instruments, the level of which varies by underwriter.

The table below illustrates how the valuation changes should these assumptions be altered. The following are shown:

- a) The valuation included in the consolidated financial statements calculated on the assumptions for risk discount rate and average LEs.
- b) How the valuation varies should the risk discount rates be increased or reduced by 100 bps with the average LEs unchanged
- c) How this value varies should the average LEs increase by 1 year or 2 years with the risk discount rate unchanged.

	2024 US\$000	2023 US\$000
a) Valuation included in financial statements*	19,123	46,529
b) Valuation if adjust discount rate + 100 bps	18,618	45,642
Valuation if adjust discount rate - 100 bps	19,652	47,458
c) Valuation + 1 year to valuation (a) LE	10,745	33,425
Valuation + 2 years to valuation (a) LE	3,714	22,314

<sup>\*</sup>Calculated using discount rates on average of 20.74% in 2024 and 17.16% in 2023.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024

## 15 Risk Profile (continued)

#### Systematic lives risk

There are two parts to this risk.

- (i) Underwriters' estimations of life expectancy are incorrect
- (ii) Systematic improvements in mortality due to medical advancements

All life settlements are underwritten individually, and different life expectancies and uplift factors (the relative increase in mortality required for the life) are determined for each life. The underwriter produces an underwriting report including the life expectancy (LE). The LE can broadly be considered to be the age on which around 50% of lives are expected to die, or the average date that a life might die.

If the underlying insured lives longer than the underwriter expected, the valuation will decrease. This is because profits arising from death benefit are being realised later and total future premiums are underestimated. The reverse is true if the underlying insured dies before the underwriter expected. As seen from the table above, the valuation is highly sensitive to mortality changes.

The second risk is that medical advancements will improve mortality significantly, resulting in profit being delayed and reduced.

#### Specific lives risk

There is a risk that the underlying lives with acute diseases respond well to treatment which gives rise to the impairment going into remission. If this happens on a large number of lives, the overall LE of the portfolio could be extended and the value of the policies will reduce.

Similarly, there is a risk that the policies purchased by the Group happen to experience particularly poor experience for other reasons (e.g. poor underwriting).

#### Risk discount rate

The risk discount rate is chosen by the independent valuation agent based on its experience of the Life Settlements Market.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024

## 15 Risk Profile (continued)

#### Market risk

Market risk comprises foreign currency risk and interest rate risk.

Market price risk arises mainly from uncertainty about future prices of financial instruments held. It is the intention of the Group to hold its investments until maturity, although the Group has the discretion to sell policies if it believes it is in the Group's best interests. In the event that the Group wishes to sell an investment, there is a limited secondary market for such investments. Although the carrying value of investments as at period end is the best estimate of their fair value, it is possible, particularly as a consequence of the impact of past regulatory intervention, that the Group may, on sale, not be able to achieve the fair value used for the purpose of valuing investments in these financial statements particularly in view of the number of policies to be sold as compared with current market volumes.

# Foreign currency risk

Each of the Cells invests entirely in the shares of EEA Life Settlements Holdings Limited with the effect that each cell, other than the dollar Cells, is exposed to the currency risks of the underlying investments which are denominated in US Dollars.

The non-US Dollar Cells did not enter into any hedging arrangements in 2024 or 2023 and therefore are exposed to currency risks arising from fluctuations in the US Dollar.

At 31 December 2024, the Group's net currency exposure in investments and net current assets can be analysed as follows:

	Investments US\$000	Net current assets US\$000	Total US\$000
US Dollar	19,123	38,694	57,817
Sterling	-	7,973	7,973
	19,123	46,667	65,790

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024

## 15 Risk Profile (continued)

At 31 December 2023, the Group's net currency exposure in investments and net current assets can be analysed as follows:

		Net current	
	Investments US\$000	assets US\$000	Total US\$000
US Dollar	46,529	44,345	90,874
Sterling	-	13,447	13,447
Euro	-	887	887
SEK		99	99
	46,529	58,778	105,307

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to the Group's cash. All cash bears interest at floating rates. The following table sets out the Group's exposure to interest rate risk as at 31 December:

	2024 US\$000	2023 US\$000
Non- interest bearing	29,361	46,847
Interest bearing - floating rate	36,428	58,460
	65,789	105,307

The interest bearing floating rate assets are denominated in US Dollars. If the US Dollar interest rate increased/decreased by 50 basis points the net income and net assets would increase/decrease by US\$ 182,140 (2023: US\$ 292,300)

The calculations are based on the cash balance at the reporting date and are not representative of the period as a whole. The 50 basis points represents the Directors' assessment of the possible change in interest rates.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty will be unable or unwilling to meet a commitment that it has entered into with the Group. To mitigate this risk the Group aims to build a diversified portfolio of policies and adopts restrictions on the security rating of the insurance companies issuing the policies and the exposure of the Group to any one insurance company. At 31 December 2024, 100% (2023: 100%) of policies were with insurance companies with a rating of 'A' or above. Substantially all cash balances are held with Citizens Bank NA, the sub-custodian, which has a good credit rating (BBB+) and with BNP Paribas (the Custodian, which has an A+ credit rating) and, in the opinion of the Directors, whilst it is a risk, does not currently represent a significant credit risk. The carrying amounts of financial assets best represent the maximum credit risk exposure at the end of the reporting period.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024

#### 15 Risk Profile (continued)

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter in realising assets or otherwise raising funds to meet its financial commitments. The Investment Adviser has sought to select life insurance policies which are expected to mature within a reasonable time frame. There is minimal or no return on such policies until maturity. There is a secondary market for the life policies but it is not highly regulated or developed and there is no certainty the market will be active. Therefore, there can be no assurance that the liquidity of the investments will always be sufficient to meet redemption requests as and when made.

Except for when share dealing is suspended, Participating Shares in the Continuing Cells are redeemable at the option of the Shareholder on a quarterly basis and in accordance with the Fund's Information Memorandum, relevant Supplement(s) and the Fund's Articles of Incorporation. However, in the event that redemption requests for shares in a Cell exceed the available cash held by a Cell or 10% of the Net Asset Value of the Cell, the Directors shall be entitled at their absolute discretion to refuse to redeem such shares.

The Run-Off Cells are closed to subscriptions and Participating Shares in a Run-Off Cell may not be redeemed at the option of the Shareholder.

The Fund also needs to maintain sufficient resources to fund the ongoing premiums of the policies in order to keep the policies in force. With effect from March 2023, a buffer of 16 months' premium (previously 12 months) has been targeted to ensure that the Fund has sufficient resources to meet the premium obligations. The expected value of premiums for 2025 are US\$8,383,891 as compared with expected value of receipts from maturities of US20,814,146. Maturities in subsequent years are expected to more than cover the contemporaneous premium cost.

The estimated maturity profile of the fair value of the insurance policies as at 31 December held is set out below:

	2024	2023
	US\$000	US\$000
0 to 3 months	460	2,951
3 to 12 months	4,182	15,799
1 to 2 years	2,505	10,732
2 to 5 years	7,746	11,052
More than 5 years	4,230	5,995
	19,123	46,529

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024

#### 15 Risk Profile (continued)

All liabilities other than those relating to Participating Shares of the Continuing Cells are due on demand.

#### Management of capital

The Services Provider (2023: the Manager) manages the capital of each Cell in accordance with its investment objectives and policies. The capital of each Cell consists of proceeds from the issue of Participating Shares and the reserve accounts. There are redemption gate provisions in place to ensure that the Company can retain sufficient available cash to meet premium and other obligations for the foreseeable future. The Fund does not have any externally imposed capital requirements.

#### Fair value measurement

The financial assets measured at fair value are disclosed using a fair value hierarchy that is based on the observability of significant inputs used in making the fair value measurements, as follows:-

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Those involving inputs other than quoted prices included in level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices).
- Level 3 Those inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

All the Group's investments are carried at fair value at the end of the reporting period. The fair value of the financial instruments can be readily determined within a reasonable range of estimates. For certain financial instruments including debtors and creditors the carrying value approximates to fair value due to the immediate or short term nature of those financial instruments.

The fair value used in these financial statements for the value of life policies may not be the value which would be achieved on sale of those policies. The fair value of life insurance policies held is estimated using a valuation technique sensitive to valuation assumptions that are not supported by observable inputs such as the life expectancy of the assured. The valuation is carried out by the Independent Valuation Agent with review by the Directors.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024

## 16 Related party transactions

Transactions with related parties are based on terms equivalent to those that prevail in an arm's length transaction.

Management fees are payable to the Manager until 31 December 2023 and to the Service Provider with effect from 1 January 2024. During the year, these amounted to US\$ 603,750 (2023: US\$ 1,482,937). As at the year end US\$ 36,750 was due to the Service Provider (2023: US\$ 113,060 due to the Manager).

All routine administration fees were borne by the Manager up to 31 December 2023. With effect from 1 January 2024 the administration fees were borne by the Group. During the year these amounted to US\$ 371,805 (2023: US\$ 377,591).

The Directors have no disclosable interests in the shares of the Company. During the year, the Directors received remuneration totalling US\$ 145,235 (2023: US\$ 140,187).

Chris Daly is Managing Director of ViaSource Funding Group LLC, which is the Investment Adviser.

#### 17 Commitments

In order to maintain cover the Company is committed to pay premiums of the life insurance policies acquired which are expected to amount to US\$29 million (2023: US\$36 million) based on estimated life expectancies of the insured calculated consistent with the valuation methodology.

# 18 Contingent liability

The litigation with Coventry Capital US LLC reached a final settlement during the year. The settlement did not impact the net asset value of the Company's shares because the settlement was paid by the insurers. There are no commitments or contingencies to report at 31 December 2024 and to the date of this report.

# 19 Post balance sheet events

There have been no events to report.

# Unaudited Schedule of Investments as at 31 December 2024

File number	Insurance company	Net death benefit US\$000	Fair value US\$000	% of net assets %
		035000	033000	76
19822	State Farm Life	100	(14)	(0.02)
9950A	MetLife	100	(3)	(0.00)
9950B	State Farm Life	192	(5)	(0.01)
11996	US Financial Life	200	(27)	(0.04)
16216B	American General Life	250	164	0.25
10065	Lincoln Benefit	296	(29)	(0.04)
19800	MetLife	400	(37)	(0.06)
20448	American General Life	500	153	0.23
19239	Federated Life	733	86	0.13
19317	TransAmerica	4,000	1,607	2.44
22412	Transamerica	4,100	691	1.05
18984B	American General Life	5,000	826	1.26
18984C	Lincoln Benefit	5,000	1,108	1.68
18984D	TransAmerica	5,000	1,423	2.16
18984E	Prudential	5,000	842	1.28
19677D	AXA	5,000	1,407	2.14
20255D	AXA	5,000	2,489	3.78
19677	Pacific Life	6,000	40	0.06
18965	Lincoln National	10,000	5,741	8.73
19677C	Lincoln Benefit	10,000	2,662	4.05
Total investments		66,871	19,124	29.07
Other net assets			46,665	70.93
Total net assets		 =	65,789	100.00

# Unaudited Schedule of Investment Maturities for the year ended 31 December 2024

File number	Insurance company	Proceeds received
		US\$000
7891A	New England Financial	1,537
7891B	William Penn	255
14234A	American General Life	2,019
14234B	American General Life	3,028
18570B	Sun Life Assurance	6,105
18570C	United of Omaha	1,000
18570D	United of Omaha	1,000
18570E	United of Omaha	1,000
17923B	Lincoln Financial	10,392
18518B	AXA	10,397
19182	West Coast Life	11
Total proceeds received		36,744
Additional proce	104	
Total investmen	36,848	